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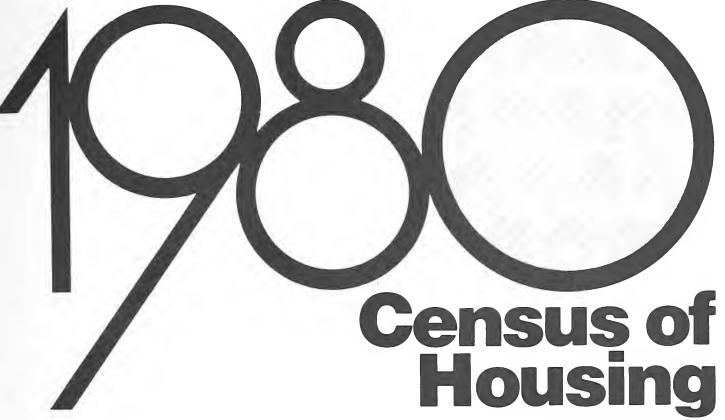
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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

ALTOONA, PA.

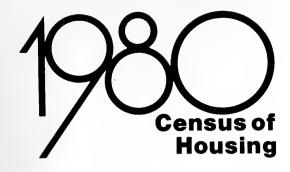
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

ALTOONA, PA.

HC80-2-65

Issued October 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary

Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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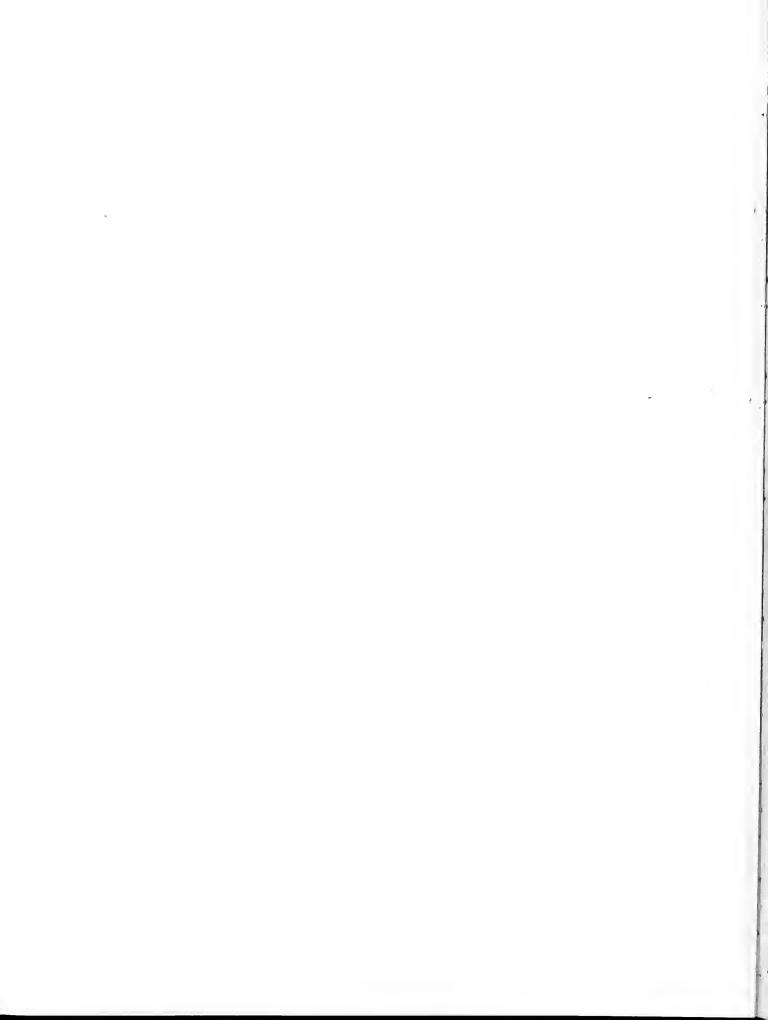
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GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

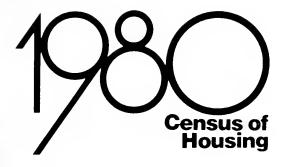
To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

ALTOONA, PA.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-65

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Arrangement of Tables	Index of Tables-shows the pages on which the tables						
This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for	for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	IX					
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate	List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	Х					
race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the	Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear						
reader in using this report, the listings are presented as follows:	Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places	XIV					

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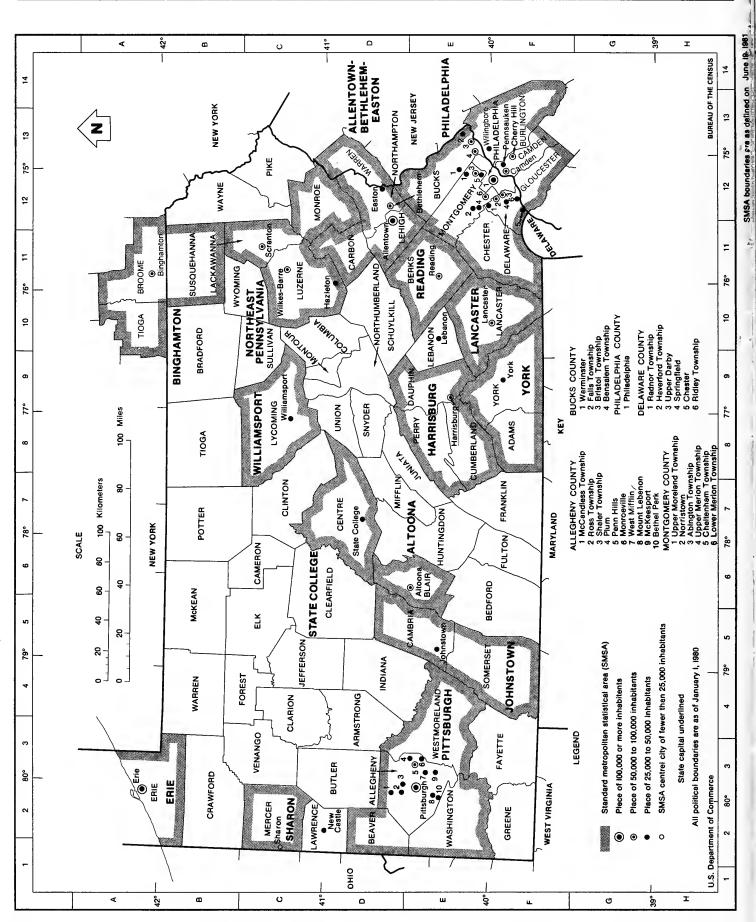
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Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS						
Condominium	_	_	_	_	_	_
Year moved into unit	1	2	3	4	5	6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS						
Rooms	1	2	_	_	5	6
Persons in unit	-	_	_	-	5	6
Bedrooms	1	2	_	_	-	_
Median rooms	1	2	3	4	5	6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Units in structure	_	2	_	_	_	_
Year structure built	1	2	_	_	5	6
Stories in structure	-	2	_	_	_	_
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS			•			
Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	_
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS						
Heating equipment	1	2	3	4	5	6
Air conditioning	1	2	3	4	5	6
Vehicles available	-	- 1	3	4	_	_
House heating fuel	-	-	3	4	5	6
Water heating fuel	-	_	_	-	-	_
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Value	-	_	_	_	5	6
Price asked	- [-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage status and selected						
monthly owner costs	-	_	3	-	-	_
Selected monthly owner costs as					_	
percentage of household income	-	- ,	_	_	5	6
Contract rent	-	-	_	4	_	_
Gross rent	-	_	_	4	_	
Rent asked	-	-	_	_	_	_
Gross rent as percentage of		2		4		
household income	-	2	_	4	_	
owner costs as percentage of						
household income	1	_	3	_	_	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Household type by age of householder	1	2	3	4	5	6
Income	1	-	3			_
Income below poverty level	i	2	_	_		_
The table numbers listed above show data f the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro						
Mhito		4.5	10	47	40	10
White	14	15	16	17	18	19 30
Black	25	26	27	28	29	30
American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	36	37	20	20	40	41
Asian and Pacific Islander	47	48	38 49	39 50	51	52
Spanish origin	58	59	60	61	62	63
opaman ongmi	56	29	80	01	02	03

Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

			r				
Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	- 7	8 8	- -	 -	_ _	_	
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	_ 10 _ _	-	12 - 12 12	_ _ 13 _
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 - -	- - -	9 - -	- - -	11 - -	12 12 -	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	 - - -	- - - - - -	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	12 - - - -	
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	1 - 1	- - -	9 - -	_ _ _	- - 11	- 12 -	- - -
percentage of household income	- - -	- - - -	9 - 9 -	- - - -	11 - 11 -	- - - 12	- - - -
household income	-	_	9	10		_	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7		– 9 9	- - -	_ 11 11	_ _ _ _	_ _ _ _
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group.							
White	20 31	21 32	22 33	23 34	24 35	_ _	<u>-</u>
Aleut	42 53 64	43 54 65	44 55 66	45 56 67	46 57 68	_ _ _	- - -



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.



Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Data are estimo	res basea on	a somple, sei	e introduction	. For meonin	g of symbols,	, see introduc	mon. For de	initions of ter	ms, see oppen	DIXES A GNO B		
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	29 291	2 165	6 268	7 028	4 939	3 724	2 318	2 199	366	224	60	28 400	33 100
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	1 905 95	1 138 38 150 462 405 323 30 97 178 704 - 39 239 426 63.4	4 056 125 710 598 1 686 937 468 26 555 46 129 212 1 744 20 90 90 90 90 90 90 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93	5 204 173 959 832 2 196 1 044 346 347 147 1 478 13 93 91 486 795 54.3	3 770 111 750 791 1 549 266 23 37 40 77 89 903 	2 910 50 619 633 1 238 370 261 112 78 34 69 69 69 69 69 44 41 258 49.7	1 982 30 450 508 767 207 132 20 22 22 22 22 29 204 - 4 12 81 107 47.1	1 886 19 468 430 797 172 76 - 19 23 14 20 237 - 11 31 31 74	341 7 7 59 98 136 41 10	195 38 39 91 27 10 - - 2 - 8 19 - - 6 6 8	47 	30 900 25 900 33 800 35 800 35 800 36 800 24 500 23 300 21 600 20 400 20 400 21 600 25 600 25 600 21 600 21 600 21 600 21 600	35 200 29 200 37 400 39 200 35 200 29 300 29 500 29 500 20 31 300 27 500 27 200 26 500 19 100 27 500 27 200 26 500 19 100 27 500 27 500 28 500 29 500 20 500
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 876 5 104 4 425 6 394 11 492	69 164 172 385 1 375	223 829 852 1 248 3 116	364 985 1 113 1 583 2 983	358 899 793 1 034 1 855	314 821 564 866 1 159	224 558 377 597 562	271 650 407 550 321	32 106 84 80 64	8 80 60 40 36	13 12 3 11 21	37 900 36 400 30 900 29 800 23 300	40 700 39 600 35 900 34 300 27 200
ROOMS	343 2 117 5 522 10 940 5 636 4 733 6.1	121 264 537 773 261 209 5.7	108 600 1 111 2 687 1 025 737 6.0	39 531 1 402 2 803 1 412 841 6.1	20 393 1 101 1 865 928 632 6.0	33 197 798 1 417 743 536 6.1	13 92 370 703 557 583 6.5	9 38 169 623 628 732 6.9	- 20 59 40 247 8.1	- 2 5 10 39 168 8.5+	- 9 - 3 48 8.5+	14 000 22 600 27 400 26 300 31 200 39 100	20 300 25 500 29 800 30 200 35 300 45 300
BEDROOMS Non: 1 2 3 4 5 or more	35 661 6 356 16 873 4 649 717	7 137 693 1 037 258 33	15 253 1 571 3 473 852 104	167 1 675 3 911 1 172 103	7 28 1 177 2 852 776 99	6 35 714 2 326 542 101	27 271 1 577 358 85	5 215 1 413 474 92	- 17 183 107 59	20 94 79 31	9 3 7 31 10	13. 500 17. 700 24. 800 30. 100 30. 500 42. 000	20 600 22 400 27 800 33 800 37 100 48 700
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	2 183 1 564 3 118 3 602 2 321 16 503	8 40 62 89 122 1 844	47 82 156 326 497 5 160	169 139 455 675 601 4 989	276 299 472 818 591 2 483	493 292 721 772 272 1 174	481 285 508 498 132 414	548 331 568 334 95 323	79 43 126 43 6 69	57 50 45 31 - 41	25 3 5 16 5	51 700 47 500 45 700 38 500 29 000 21 900	54 300 49 300 47 100 40 600 31 000 24 700
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$40,000 to \$40,999 \$40,000 to \$40,999 \$40,000 to \$40,999	2 533 4 450 2 590 2 332 5 117 4 822 5 056 1 668 723 \$17 716 \$19 347	488 580 239 185 216 117 55 - \$10 152 \$12 114	776 1 326 703 579 1 200 821 672 163 28 \$13 921 \$15 112	627 1 197 700 614 1 293 1 269 999 267 62 \$16 403 \$17 546	337 742 456 379 981 952 814 224 54 \$17 682 \$18 372	150 363 239 356 676 596 973 282 89 \$20 560 \$21 697	104 128 153 142 340 470 673 230 78 \$23 114 \$24 318	39 99 96 57 294 418 664 345 187 \$26 237 \$29 320	6 4 2 10 38 46 91 71 71 98 \$32 946 \$41 649	6 11 2 8 4 31 44 31 87 \$7 \$41 558 \$48 456	- - 2 6 3 9 - 40 \$55 468 \$65 761	20 000 22 200 24 200 25 400 28 200 31 000 39 100 44 000 64 500 	23 300 24 800 27 300 28 900 31 400 34 600 40 600 45 500 73 100
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgage Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 39 percent 30 to 39 percent 30 to 39 percent 30 to 30 percent	12 890 4 087 3 315 2 066 1 159 655 1 564 44 18.5 16 401 1 132 2 016 1 132 2 016 1 132 1 132 1 132 1 148 1 159 1 2.0	486 142 110 73 36 35 90 19.6 167 445 349 240 127 128 80 266 24 15.7	2 045 681 604 228 161 95 259 17 17.8 4 223 1 578 830 579 371 274 107 426 58 13.0	2 796 965 748 444 214 114 299 4 232 1 783 910 513 295 239 86 377 29 11.7	2 3666 7055 6002 408 1771 138 291 1 18.6 2 573 973 3100 201 1655 644 1888 29 12.2	1 915 585 5485 442 362 181 109 234 2 19,2 1 809 891 389 1955 61 119 42 101 111 10.1	1 422 413 379 252 159 50 151 18 18.8 896 402 247 32 22 88 19 68 8	1 431 411 325 234 189 91 181 - - 19.7 7453 149 72 26 5 5 31 32 - 10—	251 94 62 28 27 15 25 17.5 115 68 28 13 3	145 33 31 37 8 2 34 - 21.1 79 58 8 - 7 - -	33 8 12 - 13 - - 18.5 27 19 - 2 6 - - - 10—	34 800 33 200 33 700 37 100 39 900 34 600 27 100 24 600 24 900 21 500 23 400 21 500 23 200 20 600 19 500	38 300 37 200 37 200 39 800 42 400 37 800 35 400 29 000 25 800 24 900 24 900 24 100 23 200
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hacring equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	29 098 493 193 10 29 284 27 962 6 405 1 153 1 925 6.6	2 061 49 104 4 2 165 1 968 238 9 392 18.1	6 198 139 70 6 6 268 5 902 842 32 579 9.2	7 011 75 17 7 021 6 758 1 305 78 474 6.7	4 939 120 4 939 4 759 1 168 117 218 4.4	3 724 58 3 724 3 585 1 027 203 113 3.0	2 318 39 2 318 2 230 695 223 97 4.2	2 197 13 2 2 199 2 122 789 306 35 1.6	366 	224 	60 	28 500 27 600 10000— 10 800 28 400 28 600 37 000 54 400 19 800	33 200 28 500 11 700 10 500 33 100 33 300 41 200 60 900 23 700

Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Doto are estimat	es basea on a	sumple, see in	modelian. 1	i meening or .	symbols, see it	modernon. To	deminions of	Terris, see up	pendixes A dil	u 0,	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 546	1 150	1 883	3 132	2 395	1 476	950	375	244	78	863	195
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	4 747 887 1 709 647 887 617 2 311 450	89 20 21 7 25 16 284	364 81 86 46 67 84 430 63 32	1 149 270 333 104 220 222 508	1 064 259 445 135 147 78 411 83	737 180 264 104 138 51 337	520 59 272 59 104 26 122 14	241 129 44 35 33 34	150 10 36 66 24 14 30	35 16 10 5 4 24 7	398 8 107 72 122 89 131	225 212 240 248 225 185 186 193 217
25 to 34 years	592 297 534 438 5 488 610 1 097 567 1 159 2 055	24 11 43 90 116 777 34 54 40 111 538	46 160 129 1 089 83 139 32 304 531	165 164 43 64 72 1 475 265 288 149 320 453	171 55 68 34 920 111 299 145 158 207	62 122 46 73 34 402 68 144 77 45 68	50 22 24 12 308 39 104 47 52 66	20 	13 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	11 6 - 19 - 6 13	9 31 37 39 334 5 16 23 120 170	201 150 135 176 192 208 215 163 139
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	41.0 4 675 4 040 1 955 1 017 859	255 401 324 82 88	59.8 418 639 346 329 151	37.5 1 132 1 076 502 267 155	1 050 773 330 100 142	800 409 198 55 14	550 285 77 16 22	223 101 29 16 6	39.5 135 90 19	37.1 44 34 - -	68 232 130 152 281	222 188 176 153 164
Prooms	407 438 2 284 3 644 2 628 1 992 1 153 4.4	284 144 326 219 119 37 21 3.0	63 150 568 553 348 147 54 3.8	6 68 748 1 146 659 398 107 4.1	5 32 361 788 574 402 233 4.5	3 13 160 444 364 320 172 4.8	18 5 47 254 264 243 117 5.1	- 60 114 113 82 5.6	- 6 37 51 101 49 5.8	20 - 6 17 26 9 5.3	8 26 62 137 116 205 309 5.9	91 118 165 193 209 240 252
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 546 12 059 7 840 3 930 254 35 487 226 253 6 2	1 150 965 649 311 5 185 67 118	1 883 1 761 1 305 417 39 - 122 74 42 6	3 132 3 056 2 050 930 61 15 76 52 24 -	2 395 2 350 1 445 856 47 2 45 9 34 - 2	1 476 1 469 921 509 34 5 7 7	950 947 505 410 32 - 3 3 - 3	375 375 207 159 - - - - - - - -	244 244 113 117 14 	78 78 23 50 5 - - - - 11	863 814 622 171 13 8 49 24 25 -	195 197 190 212 220 176 118 123 99 135 238
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 669 121 178 3	451 62 - 314	595 21 56 3	612 39 19 -	452 29 15 -	233 2 7 -	134 14 - - 18	52 - - -	30 9 - -	11 - - - 20	99 7 19 - 1	169 193 108 118
1 2 3 4 5 or more 5 UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 5 or atta	3 695 5 076 2 562 582 137	511 246 71 8 -	874 655 204 48 5	1 241 1 421 371 76 6	600 1 112 543 105 23	255 676 420 103 19	82 442 343 64 1	6 174 135 45 15	110 120 8 6	5 22 27 4	121 218 328 125 58	165 204 244 246 260
2 2 3 and 4 5 5 to 9 5	2 739 1 777 1 273 995 943 450	164 153 149 139 369 7	345 574 389 241 100 201 33	753 934 642 381 196 101 125	850 614 317 243 177 77 117	236 134 100 171 84 74	107 62 113 119 46 16	21 34 20 33 22 16	14 16 18 28 10 8	20 4 5 23 18 -	71 30 3 9 15 54	183 175 183 213 120 211
1975 to March 1980	1 128 1 587 994 786 1 388 6 663	149 388 72 39 58 444	137 166 86 76 143 1 275	86 216 215 240 505 1 870	159 303 196 158 233 1 346	195 171 187 124 188 611	238 167 61 59 91 334	83 59 46 26 55 106	46 63 25 2 32 76	21 12 18 - - 27	14 42 88 62 83 574	256 200 217 202 196 185
1 to 3 4 or more With elevator GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	11 677 869 769	799 351 345	1 676 207 187	3 004 128 83	2 293 102 81	1 451 25 17	930 20 20	369 6 6	234 10 10	73 5 5	848 15 15	199 110 104
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent Mot computed Medion	1 868 1 967 1 733 1 386 903 1 737 1 963 989 25.8	243 148 232 204 136 123 56 8 23.9	324 240 307 203 136 313 331 29 26.4	680 558 430 274 164 485 508 33 23.6	381 467 289 322 191 310 401 34 25.7	168 318 204 163 99 210 305 9	49 160 167 136 82 150 206 - 28.6	6 47 73 47 43 86 65 8	7 29 20 23 46 53 66 - 34.7	10 -1 14 6 7 25 5 31.3	863	177 203 188 202 205 195 210 184
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearting equipment Centrol hearing system Air conditioning Centrol system	12 546 11 725 2 869 962	1 150 1 085 290 149	1 883 1 753 272 110	3 132 2 904 449 71	2 395 2 219 441 106	1 476 1 417 459 129	950 920 412 185	375 340 157 77	244 239 111 53	78 74 58 40	863 774 220 42	195 195 231 261

Table A=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Н	usehold inco	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Tatol	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dallars)	Income in 1979 below paverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	35 909	3 476	5 636	3 282	2 986	6 305	5 584	5 839	1 944	857	17 064	18 802	2 714
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	25 959 855 5 004 4 947 10 613 4 540 2 558	929 30 136 79 375 309 413	2 796 86 273 223 783 1 431 601	2 213 98 409 301 634 771 292	2 187 125 443 352 617 650 235	5 146 283 1 360 986 1 852 665 401	4 900 140 1 266 1 209 2 005 280 243	5 223 77 924 1 252 2 711 259 254	1 781 11 161 393 1 133 83 69	784 5 32 152 503 92 50	19 725 16 702 19 634 21 859 22 535 11 719	21 501 17 079 20 152 23 725 24 602 14 149 15 265	1 182 47 241 205 442 247 215
15 to 24 years	147 381 316 693 1 021 7 392 57 478 507 2 593	1 25 - 97 290 2 134 12 74 99	35 37 29 101 399 2 239 24 149 128 738	16 34 51 89 102 777 - 99 83 324	21 64 38 50 62 564 - 34 53 291	47 112 75 104 63 758 15 69 45 324	18 42 54 110 19 441 6 48 51 187	9 53 48 83 61 362 - 4 29 183	-6 15 35 13 94 - 1 19 51	- 8 6 24 12 23 - - - 21	15 039 16 138 17 222 15 699 7 356 8 180 8 661 10 404 10 798 10 652	15 041 17 445 19 987 18 103 11 096 10 547 10 795 11 118 12 315 12 783	6 25 76 108 1 317 12 139 127 371
65 years and over	3 757 53.1	1 475 68.1	1 200 66.2	271 57.4	186 53.5	305 46.4	149 44.7	146 48.2	23 51.1	52.1	6 173	8 689	668 59.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	2 580 6 610 5 649 7 655 13 415	116 375 377 618 1 990	309 629 639 881 3 178	242 491 462 665 1 422	210 613 496 507 1 160	551 1 525 1 138 1 293 1 798	476 1 357 1 115 1 349 1 287	480 1 170 956 1 566 1 667	125 306 325 532 656	71 144 141 244 257	18 759 19 032 18 730 19 522 12 753	20 588 20 253 19 924 20 901 16 074	195 384 437 520 1 178
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearing equipment Central hearing system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available	35 540 664 369 15 35 902 33 874 7 705 1 363 33 142 12 861	3 327 20 149 3 476 3 059 474 74 2 155 1 558	5 503 40 133 6 5 636 5 289 886 130 4 602 3 273	3 266 95 16 	2 966 46 20 2 986 2 790 622 54 2 904 1 373	6 292 143 13 3 6 298 5 914 1 418 196 6 203 2 334	5 562 135 22 5 584 5 336 1 141 157 5 562 1 359	5 827 136 12 6 5 839 5 660 1 585 313 5 808 834	1 940 45 4 1 944 1 896 575 174 1 934 212	857 4 - 857 842 382 201 852 41	17 180 19 508 6 032 16 875 17 061 17 310 19 419 25 183 18 078 12 130	18 910 20 461 8 413 18 986 18 802 19 068 22 254 30 680 19 823 13 627	2 604 83 110 6 2 714 2 331 366 71 1 952 1 185
2 or more House hearting fuel Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms Specified owner-occupied housing units	20 281 35 902 21 474 141 2 389 9 850 2 048 6.0	597 3 476 2 162 7 119 983 205 5.5 2 533	1 329 5 636 3 422 46 216 1 621 331 5.7	1 245 3 282 1 891 9 190 997 195 5.8 2 590	1 531 2 986 1 742 6 151 881 206 5.9 2 332	3 869 6 298 3 657 40 438 1 785 378 6.0	4 203 5 584 3 280 1 491 1 490 322 6.1	4 974 5 839 3 519 25 517 1 461 317 6.3 5 056	1 722 1 944 1 266 	811 857 535 7 96 203 16 7.5	21 704 17 061 17 106 15 272 20 818 16 239 16 104 	23 753 18 802 19 002 22 379 22 342 17 792 17 177	767 2 714 1 423 7 132 967 185 5.6
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$500 to \$599 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$749 \$750 or more Median Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$124	12 890 1 409 2 400 2 653 2 086 6 1 478 1 708 6 644 338 154 \$300 16 401 55 407 2 180 4 513 4 055 3 782 958	402 42 97 107 51 35 44 26 	951 236 213 187 160 62 268 22 3 - \$257 3 499 9 133 601 1 172 795 586 144	903 110 246 190 141 78 874 37 21 6 \$275 5 47 295 503 3554 395 75	939 178 215 172 108 89 99 112 26 31 8 \$272 1 393 45 147 386 436 436 290 72 17	2 717 339 581 692 427 264 307 83 20 4 \$282 2 400 4 45 218 637 706 625 124	2 943 299 519 625 550 440 343 103 43 21 \$303 1 879 -2 23 456 575 85 40	2 788 162 433 520 456 351 176 116 39 \$331 2 268 2 2 5 163 480 635 672 226 655	877 34 94 130 147 114 135 141 67 15 \$365 791 7 7 56 139 233 240 82	370 9 2 30 46 45 90 30 57 61 \$451 353 - - 12 7 58 123 65 88	20 816 16 916 18 750 19 863 21 197 25 482 28 600 27 963 14 086 4 219 8 327 19 378 12 080 15 390 18 056 23 365	22 447 19 149 18 93 20 463 22 430 23 314 425 398 28 510 6 113 10 427 12 057 14 214 17 426 19 717 22 973 37 030	\$61 93 125 1111 70 71 71 55 36 - - 278 \$278 1 364 35 83 313 435 244 165 61 128
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	\$131	\$114	\$121	\$125	\$132	\$135	\$137	\$143	\$146	\$190	•••	•••	\$114
With a mortgage Less than 15 percent	12 890 4 087 3 315 2 066 1 159 655 1 564 44 18.5 16 401 6 690 3 533	402 - - 5 - 353 44 50+ 2 131 2	951 9 27 74 113 124 604 - 40.7 3 499 47 522	903 6 55 197 216 183 246 - 29.5 1 687 196 822	939 95 190 247 125 103 179 - 23.7 1 393 368 756	2 717 420 1 029 603 404 146 115 - 19.6 2 400 1 276 964	2 943 1 049 1 056 560 180 57 41 	2 788 1 527 755 340 98 42 26 -14.4 2 268 2 126 137	877 659 174 39 5 - - 11.9 791 784	370 322 29 6 13 - - 10— 353 351	20 816 27 135 21 513 19 302 16 421 12 998 8 724 2500— 14 086 24 693 13 854	22 447 31 760 22 813 19 563 17 083 14 438 9 118 -522 16 911 27 434 14 627	561
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	3 333 2 016 1 132 958 429 1 484 159 12.0	177 122 271 224 1 267 155 39.5	1 076 794 652 194 214 - 20.7	478 155 30 6 - 13.9	230 34 - 5 - 12.2	123 25 5 - 3 4 10—	27 2 - - - 10—	5 - - - - 10-	, - - - 10—	- - - - - 10—	9 468 7 590 5 940 4 892 3 584 2500—	9 864 7 892 6 021 5 256 3 566 90	56 31 113 88 893 155 45.4

Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Н	ousehold incom	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dallars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	13 179	3 249	3 780	1 606	1 049	1 913	849	595	101	37	9 328	11 029	2 991
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	5 175 947	333 98	1 320 265	728 171	478 102	1 201 225	571 50	439 36	86	19	13 580 11 615	14 712 12 102	663 175
25 to 34 years	1 835 745	102 28	366 118	298 87	175 64	502 205	211 131	164 93	13 14	4 5	14 664 16 716	14 983 17 052	232 116
45 to 64 years65 years and over	988 660	42 63	240 331 734	52 120	82 55 188	216 53 343	169 10	122 24 101	59 - 8	6	16 573 8 954	17 701 10 588	82 58
Male householder, no wife present	2 393 461 599	584 132	186 111	290 71 113	33 86	23 159	127 10 52	6 15	-	18 _	9 120 7 391 12 863	11 009 7 965 12 979	485 123 78
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	297 557	63 52 127	59 173	32 70	29 34	63 59	16 39	29 46	5	12 6	12 974 9 283	15 422 12 610	51 115
65 years ond aver	479 5 611	210 2 332	205 1 726	4 588	6 383	39 369	10 151	5 55	7	-	5 563 6 110	6 877 7 640	118
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	618 1 130	242 257	214 401	61 149	30 153	53 102	6 59	12 7	- 2	-	6 067 8 757	7 283 9 634	1 843 273 319
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	602 1 179	187 391	182 341	115 150	41 92	55 117	22 47	36	5	-	7 763 7 814	8 345 9 295	223 356
65 years and over	2 082 40.8	1 255 62.8	588 44.6	113 33.6	67 33.4	42 33.4	17 37.0	39.6	51.0	43.2	4 520	5 524	672 41.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	4 837 4 258	1 052 986	1 420 1 125	635 594	447 365	739 686	303 269	198 191	24 34	19 8	9 784 10 076	11 198 11 241	1 175 872
1970 ta 1974 1960 to 1969	2 056 1 069	600 326	653 268	215 97	101 85	256 124	124 80	92 67	15 20	2	8 074 8 819	10 200 11 228	469 243
1959 or earlier	959	285	314	65	51	108	73	47	8	8	7 531	10 792	232
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 646	3 017	3 620	1 561	1 010	1 883	830	592	96	37	9 508	11 174	2 805
0.50 or less	8 162 4 181	2 300 677	2 386 1 138	961 560	671 323	1 019 809	422 372	330 246	51 45	22 11	8 566 11 230	10 307 12 724	1 604 1 069
1.01 to 1.50	263 40	35 5	84 12	35 5	16	55	31 5	3 13	_	4	10 893 11 500	12 511 17 240	115
Lackling complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	533 248	232 132	160 67	45 16	39 15	30 5	19 11	3 2	5	-	5 725 4 813	7 584 6 583	186 91
1.01 to 1.50	273 10	100	91 2	22 5	24 _	25 -	5 3	1	5	=	6 426 11 500	8 237 13 790	92
1.51 or more	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	11 250	11 440	_
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	13 176	3 246	3 780	1 606	1 849	1 913	849	595	101	37	9 330	11 031	2 988
Central heating systemAir conditioning	12 254 2 946	2 943 611	3 482 688	1 527 304	999 262	1 812 534	800 279	563 195	97 51	31 22	9 501 11 431	11 115 13 246	2 708 410
Central system Vehicles available	970 9 609	273 1 278	273 2 593	1 429	57 967	134 1 820	75 810	578	11 101	12 33	8 534 11 633	12 493 12 985	1 359
2 ar mare	6 460 3 149	1 137	2 067 526	1 131 298	702 265	887 933	345 465	143 435	40 61	8 25	10 057 16 653	10 834 17 396	1 113 246
House heating fuel	13 176 8 917 182	3 246 2 268 43	3 780 2 501 53	1 606 1 083	1 049 769 30	1 913 1 302 21	849 525 17	595 376	1 01 64	37 29	9 330 9 273 9 632	11 031 10 896 10 019	2 988 2 045 34
Battled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc	1 349 2 228	325 480	381 698	18 134 334	103 119	177 335	135 125	71 124	23	- - 4	9 594 9 401	11 714	259 475
Other	500 4.4	130 3.9	147 4.3	37 4.6	28 4.5	78 4.9	47 5.3	24 5.4	5 5.2	4 5.8	9 063	11 954	175 4.2
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 546	3 127	3 592	1 536	1 013	1 809	799	551	86	33	9 290	10 934	2 847
CONTRACT RENT	12 340	5 127	0 372	1 330	1 013	1 007	***	331	00	•	, 2,0	10 704	1 000
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	2 749 3 338	1 226 956	840 1 020	181	135	214	98 133	47	8 13	- 9	5 663 8 142	7 714 9 849	1 021 854
\$150 to \$199	3 247 1 265	532 168	997 337	405 479	238 342 126	431 590 179	149 164	133 133 46	17 10	8	10 493 11 356	11 503 12 488	611 167
\$250 to \$299	736 216	74 21	83 35	235 77 21	102	206 42	120	60 38	10 13	4 2	15 625 17 031	15 944 18 630	41
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	63 44	7	7 14	7 -	13	6 5	5 9	12 12	-	6	14 519 23 333	29 484 23 876	7 4
\$500 or mare No cash rent	25 863	5 138	259	7 124	52	7 129	6 76	70	15	=	17 679 10 696	12 293 12 714	118
Medion	\$146	\$110	\$140	\$158	\$159	\$158	\$186	\$167	\$165	\$189	•••	•••	\$119
GROSS RENT Less thon \$100	1 150	770	248	55	23	49	_	5	_	_	4 236	5 296	513
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 883 3 132	780 696	704 1 022	150 428	23 74 316	103 426	51 136	16 102	5 6	=	5 870 9 148	7 077 10 221	651 631
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	2 395 1 476	402 176	660 393	378 172	229 129	439 332	130 158	133 84	20 24	4 8	10 896 12 456	11 990 13 625	467
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	950 375	110 27 17	191 68	131 58	104 49	204 65	130 75	66 27	3 6	11	13 534 14 260	14 587 15 389	134 52 30
\$500 or mare	244 78	11	47	21 19	37	55 7	23 20	37 11	7	10	15 000 20 455	16 339 29 944	11
No cosh rent Median	863 \$195	138 \$147	259 \$184	124 \$208	52 \$211	129 \$226	76 \$266	70 \$243	15 \$264	\$320	10 696	12 714	118 \$165
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	3 4.4	-	,		,	,					10 000	01 000	
Less than 15 percent	1 868 1 967	50 187	109 271	125 319	171 364	608 634	369 242	375 87	71 -	33	19 302 14 859	21 230 14 989	15 73
20 to 24 percent	1 733 1 386	186 238	594 572	371 319	191 135	291 97	81 25	19 -	Ξ	_	10 583 9 080	9 153	106 172
30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more	903 1 737 1 963	209 591 1 582	460 967 360	125 132 21	65 35	38 12	6 -	=	=	=	7 656 6 050 3 552	8 008 6 288 3 588	206 531 1 500
Nat computed	989 25.8	264 50+	259 31.3	124 23.5	52 19.3	129 16.8	76 14.9	70 11.1	15 10—	10—	9 380	11 070	244 50+
	23.0	JU+	31.3	23.3	17.3	10.0	14.7	11.1	10-	10-	•••	•••	JUT

Table A - 5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto are estima	ores pasca an e	somple, see init	odociidii. Tor iii	coming or symbo	no, oco mirodocii	ion. To ocimin	ons or terms, se	c appariance //	aug o1	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	12 890	1 409	2 400	2 653	2 086	1 478	1 708	644	358	154	300
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person2 persons	772 2 679	143 363	159 509	183 622	141 377	57 248	76 334 320	7 132	57	37	273 288
3 persons 4 persons	2 867 3 546	284 318	593 581	499 703	512 592	399 467	542	126 189	100 113	34 41	306 314
5 persons6 persons	1 895 667	183 59	338 121	413 162	291 85	185 81	271 94	139 29	58 17	17	302 297
7 persons8 or more persons	341 123	39 20	87 12	56 15	62 26	27 14	42 29	22	6	-	290 328
Median	3.54	3.20	3.40	3.53	3.52	3.57	3.73	3.80	3.69	3.50	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										•	
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	11 107 517	1 064 45	2 008 101	2 302 157	1 759 64	1 356 56	1 534 58	598 30	344	142	305 286
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	3 754 3 173	270 269	581 579	715 650	669 462	576	568 450	221 200	123 76	31 46	323 310
45 to 64 years65 years and over	3 420 243	437 43	698 49	720 60	462 531 33	441 250	444 14	147	136	57 8	290 275
Male householder, no wife present	675 80	10)	109 18	101	156	33 60 32 22	105 12	23	14	6	308 356
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	234 168	29	28	39	74	22	36	=	6	-	314
35 to 44 years	109	25 12	28 30 26	26 24	43 16	6 -	24 13 20 69	8 10	8	6	303 284
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	1 108	26 244	283	250	20 171	62	20 69	5 23	_	- 6	307 255 240
15 to 24 years	16 228 227	41	10 56	61	26	- 8	28	- 8	-	_	264
35 to 44 years	227 459	22 93	58 115	44 119	34 91	29 19	32 9	8 7	_	- 6	288 259
65 years and over Median age	178 39. 3	88 44.8	44 40.5	20 39.3	20 3 9.3	35.9	37.8	37.7	40.6	43.1	201
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	0,.3	43.0		57.5	07.3		J7.3	J	10.0	,	•••
1979 to March 1980	1 628	37	131 600	222 831	215	351	312	215	110	35	380
1975 to 1978	4 186 2 973	273 388	607	660	751 528	543 306 179	741 304	229 99	142 51	76 30	326 287
1960 to 1969	2 855 1 248	420 291	768 294	682 258	420 172	179 99	265 86	64 37	52 3	5 8	268 258
ROOMS	. 240				",-	"					230
1 to 3 rooms	89	39	24	13	13	_	-	_	_	_	211
4 rooms5 rooms	585 2 027	91 263	165 380	133 484	101 310	45 263 509	29 244	13 57	7	8 19	264 288
6 rooms 7 rooms	4 626 2 823	624 253	999 471	1 000 567	777 528	509 309	472	171 207	62 74	12	284 311
8 or more rooms	2 740 6.3	139 6.0	361 6.1	456 6.2	357 6.3	352 6.3	405 558 6.8	196 6.9	215 7.9	106 8.1	358
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	0.0	0.0	v	V.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7		0.7	•••
1975 to March 1980	1 840	29	79	140	323 199	339	504 188	199	145	82	402
1970 to 1974	1 134 1 705	29 55 88 139	94 243	232 400	199 314	200 162	188 275	110 103	30 96	26 24	347 319
1950 to 1959	1 271 1 019	139 118	243 201 246	235 266	197 127	176 134	233 96	74 23 135	8 9	8	315 277
1939 or earlier	5 921	980	1 537	1 380	926	467	412	135	70	14	266
VALUE											
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	486 2 045	166 441	185 610	84 549	38 285	107	13 41	12	_	_	221 248
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	2 796 2 366	516 178	713 497	741 535	411 432	214 406	138 263	54 44	9	- 2	261 297
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	1 915 1 422	50 39	262 95	370 225	376 282	323 255	390 307	108 135	28 69	1 81	337 364
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	1 431 251	19	32	149	241	142	442	238	134	15 34 18	428 475
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	145	-	-	-	3	7	16	18	52	52 25	691 750+
Median	\$34 800	\$21 700	\$24 800	\$28 900	\$37 300	\$40 400	\$50 200	\$58 100	\$68 200	\$100 000	730+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS											
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	4 087	902	1 160	931	500	264	195	65	37	32	249
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	3 315 2 066	216 123	570 262	858 347	724 308	384 409	373	116 141	65 37	33 9 16	301 349
25 to 29 percent	1 159	86	130	151	181	137	423 290	94	67	23 10	361
30 to 34 percent	655 1 564	20 62	100 172	74 280	134 239	94 178	102 317	66 156	55 97	63	350 358
Not computed Median	18.5	13.1	15.3	12 17.3	18.8	12 21.0	23.3	24.9	28.0	29.1	367
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system	12 883 3 799	1 409 282	2 400 643	2 646 816	2 086 611	1 478 420	1 708 606	644 192	358 155	154 74	300 313
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	7 211	985	1 563	1 532	1 219	785	679	273	130	45	285
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	1 181 78	12 29	49 15	151	176 _8	200 _2	345 16	161	57	30	401 233
Other means	614 3 051	101 185	130 538	139 587	72 5 60	71 280	62 482	18 210	16 123	5 86	277 319
Central system	551 2 500	12 173	28 510	65 522	95 465	44 236	143 339	48 162	62 61	86 54 32	416 305
House heating fuel	12 883 7 970	1 409 1 081	2 400 1 752	2 646 1 726	2 086 1 281	1 478 774	1 708 784	644 292	358 201	1 54 79	300 283
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	43 1 325	10	13	1720	209	209	370	185	69	39	244 400
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 959	185	460	626	504	424	515	142	72	31	321
Other	586	121	120	117	88	62	39	18	16	5	272

Table A-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Oato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	Data ore estimates									
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollars)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	16 401	55	467	2 180	4 513	4 055	3 782	958	391	131
PERSONS IN UNIT		l								
1 person2 persons	3 783 6 957	34 19	207 180	739 957	1 227 1 976	766 1 752	607 1 604	163 301	40 168	119
3 persons	2 654	- 1	38	274	676	762	647	208	49	136
4 persons	1 680	2	38 25 15	140	369	470	480	144	50 38	141
5 persons6 persons	830 316		13 2	48 22	173 58	197 73	264 100	95 19	38 42	148 151
7 persons	123	-1	-	-	19	35	51	18	=	157
8 or more persons	58 2.13	1.31	1.65	1.87	15 2.02	2.22	29 2.30	10 2.57	2.43	174
	20	1.01			2.02		2.00	2.57	2.40	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	10 416 31	21	221	1 118	2 590 18	2 790 5	2 717	661	298 6	136 122
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	387	2	22	56	96	83	80	48	_	l 130 l
35 to 44 years	923 5 535	- A	18 90	83 442	220 1 351	222 1 517	270 1 571	68 385	42 175	141 140
65 years and over	3 540 i	15	91	537	905	963	796	158	75	131
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	1 230 15	19	87	252	309	230	228 9	74	31	121 158
25 to 34 years	25	-	-		.7	2	16	-	_	161
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	86 398	- 6	2 31	10 ! 88 !	30 61	18 89	20 86	19	18	126 129
65 years and over	706	13	54	154	211	115	97	49	13	116
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	4 755	15	159	810	1 614	1 035 11	837	223	- 62 6	122 144
25 to 34 years	93 (=	10	7	16	27	33	_	_	138
35 to 44 years	152	- 9	4 19	23	39 553	42 371	26	13 92	5	131
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 623 2 870	6	126	243 537	1 006	584	312 466	118	24 27	124 119
Median age	62.6	66.3	67.9	66.7	63.9	61.8	59.7	58.2	57.0	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	248	_	13	27	62	66	52	15	13	133
1975 to 1978	918	,2	13 24 53 61	114	195	292	52 208	60	23 57	133 136 138
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	1 452 3 539	12 5	53 61	150 300	339 874	334 873	374 1 019	133 290	117	138
1959 or earlier	10 244	36	316	1 589	3 043	2 490	2 129	460	181	126
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	254	21	30	58	45	29	30	28	13	110
4 rooms	1 532	15	81	285	524	333 772	30 259	35	_	118
5 rooms6 rooms	3 495 6 314	17	169 120	497 1	1 000 1 923	772 1 644	868 1 357	134 260	38 102	127 128
7 rooms	2 813	-1	51 (906 307	628	828	716	202	81	138 j
8 or more rooms	1 993	2-	16	127	393	449	552	299	157	151
Median	6.0	3.9	5.2	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.6	7.0	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	343 430	2	15 11	41 41	54 7)	85 109	93 155	33 19	20	142
1970 to 1974	1 413	11	31	69	219	324	492	190	24 77	155
1950 to 1959	2 331	!	73 18	162	496	671	680	176	73	141
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 302 10 582	16 26	319	149 1 718	372 3 301	313 2 553	348 2 014	52 488	34 163	146 155 141 133 124
			•		0.001					
VALUE	, ,,,,,		,,,,		500	071	0.40			,,,,
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	1 679 4 223	53	107 191	430 868	508 1 297	271 912	240 717	48 174	22 62	112 120
\$20,000 to \$29,999	4 232	-1	81	589	1 444	1 120	856	99	43	125
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	2 573 1 809	- 1	44 37	194 61	685 397	855 518	635 582	126 182	43 34 32 31 74	120 125 136 145 158 177
\$50,000 to \$59,999	896	-1	-	38	127	225	362	113	31	158
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	768 115	-1	7	-	48 7	136 18	362 10	141 47	33	224
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	79	-	-	-		"~	16	19	44	250+
\$150,000 or more	27 \$24 600	\$10000-	\$15 500	\$17 500	\$22 400	\$26 700	\$31 000	\$42 200	\$50 600	250+
	\$24 600	\$1000-	\$13.300	\$17.300	\$22 400	\$20 700	\$31,000	\$42 200	\$30 000	•••
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	6 690	,,,	220	917	1 020	1 759	1 419	290	119	128
10 to 14 percent	3 533	18	230 105	408	1 938 889	954	908	195	74	135
15 to 19 percent	2 016	24	48	296	580	382	499	139	48	135 129 135 130
20 to 24 percent	1 132 958	9	34 19	144 118	294 271	231 295	316 169	82 59	31 18	130
30 to 34 percent	429	-1	4	75 l	114	1 83	111	37	5	131
35 percent or more Not computed	1 484 159	<u> </u>	27	185 37	379 48	328 23	326 34	145 11	94	137 120
Median	12.0	16.6	10.2	11.9	11.7	11.3	12.5	14.7	15.2	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS				1						
Heating equipment	16 401	55	467	2 180	4 513	4 055	3 782	958	391	131
Steam or hat water system	4 534		67	419	1 079	1 186	1 240	372	171	140
Centrol warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	10 396 517	26	286 12	1 551 14	3 121 96	2 551 133	2 194 184	488 49	179 29	127 151
Floor, wall, or pipeless fumace	246	=	21	67	68	57	22	11	_	113
Other means	708 3 354	29	81	129	149	128	142 935	· 38	12	119
Air conditioning Central system	602	=	22	308 40	803 30	815 103	218	303 124	168 87	142 179
1 or more individual room units	2 752	ا <u></u> ا	22	268	773	712	717	179	81	136
House heating fuel	16 401 11 172	55 11	467 230	2 180 1 523	4 513 3 503	4 055 2 811	3 782 2 278	958 577	391 239	131 128
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	46	'-	-	5	6	6	21	8	-	164 149
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	600 3 572	30	14 117	20 310	116 617	154 896	216 1 166	51 314	29 122	149
Other	1 011	14	106	322	271	188	100	8	122	145 106

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		0.	wner-occupied h	ousing units				Rer	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	35 909	3 116	2 700	4 223	6 620	19 250	13 179	1 177	1 621	1 030	2 258	7 093
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	25 959	2 613	2 159	3 343	5 005	12 839	5 175	457	515	408	991	2 804
15 to 24 years	855 5 004	211 1 253	102 657	97 374	166 750	279 1 970	947 1 835	76 204	88 157	129 59	279 405	375 1 010
35 to 44 years	4 947 10 613	541 515	718 548	724 1 714	669 2 544	2 295 5 292	745 988	37 83	34 116	88 62	136 120	450 607
65 years and over	4 540 2 558	93 279	134 • 172	434 292	876	3 003	660	57	120	70	51 480	362
Male householder, no wife present	147	279 23 71	26	15	450 36	1 365 47	2 393 461	166	282 22	165 45	157	362 1 300 228 267
25 to 34 years	381 316	51	44 37	38 62	74 48	154 118	599 297	68 7	79 58	42 14	143 47	171
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	693 1 021	89 45	32 33	65 112	131 161	376 670	557 479	33 49	51 72	31 33	76 57	366 268 2 98 9
15 to 24 years	7 392 57	224 13	369 6	588 8	1 165 26	5 046 4	5 611 618	554 72	824 19	457 51	787 205	271
25 to 34 years	478 507	31 61	109 52	41 58	79 66	218 270	1 130 602	139 47	123 68	106 46	237 103	525 338
45 to 64 years65 years and over	2 593 3 757	78 41	129 73	233 248	475 519	1 678 2 876	1 179 2 082	62 234	154 460	129 125	126 116	708 1 147
Median age	53.1	34.7	39.2	51.3	55.0	57.2	40.8	36.8	57.9	40.3	29.5	44.1
YEAR NOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	2 580	1 032	215	198	388	747	4 837	707	505	394	1 076	2 155
1975 to 1978	6 610 5 649	2 084	674 1 811	700 677	939 757	2 213 2 404	4 258 2 056	470	649 467	285 219	699 241	2 155
1970 to 1974	7 655	Ξ		2 648	1 119 3 417	3 888 9 998	1 069	=	467	132	157	780 874
1959 or earlier	13 415	_	-	-	3 417	7 770	959	-	-	-	85	8/4
Proom	34	-	-	7	.8	19	407	. .	182	31	29	165
2 rooms3 rooms	85 512	25 22			22 146	30 201	442 2 298	21 320	145 357	38 84	67 327	171 1 210
4 rooms5 rooms	3 788 7 104	470 813	586 713	762 1 074	944 1 724	1 026 2 780	3 698 2 846	482 206	467 322	443 246	710 520	1 596 1 552
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	12 448 11 938	811 975	706 634	1 132 1 158	2 085 1 691	7 714 7 480	2 120 1 368	92 56	115 33	128 60	363 242	1 422 977
Medion	6.0	5.8	5.5	5.7	5.7	6.2	4.4	4.0	3.8	4.3	4.5	4.8
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	35 540	3 084	2 685	4 208	6 557	19 006	12 646	1 177	1 616	1 025	2 134	6 694
0.50 or less	23 472 11 404	1 673 1 352	1 295 1 289	2 704 1 406	4 385 2 042	13 415 5 315	8 162 4 181	803 359	996 594	671 316	1 295 774	4 397 2 138
1.01 to 1.50	561 103	47 12	81 20	90	112	231 45	263 40	15	19 7	38	57 8	134
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	369 285	32	15	15	63 50	244 207	533 248	-	Ś	5	124	399
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	69	22 10	15	6 7	8	29	273	-	5	5	66 56	182 207
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	5 10	-	-	2 -	3 2	8	10 2	=	=	-	2	10
PERSONS IN UNIT												
1 person 2 persons	5 897 11 775	271 840	261 660	555 1 452	1 075 2 450	3 735 6 373	5 097 3 486	459 337	830 442	425 247	639 687	2 744 1 773
3 persons	6 852 6 179	740 775	533 718	758 817	1 286 1 026	3 535 2 843	2 042 1 372	188 146	168 122	167 78	508 233	1 011 793
5 persons6 or more persons	3 152 2 054	311 179	310 218	352 289	507 276	1 672 1 092	734 448	28 19	46 13	65 48	99 92	496 276
Median	2.54	3.10	3.30	2.64	2.41	2.42	1.93	1.88	1.48	1.86	2.21	1.95
Total persons	104 198	10 205	9 181	12 709	18 479	53 624	30 099	2 505	3 024	2 287	5 521	16 762
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	32 195	2 411	1 803	3 540	6 333 75	18 108	5 002	327	318	260	1 073	3 024
2 3 and 4	904 260	34 11	9 5	32 10	75 43	754 191	2 739 1 777	49 71	66 113	113 122	548 340	1 963 1 131
5 to 9 10 to 49	183 77	30	- 2	10 6	40 18	103 51	1 273 995	220 194	167 297	112 171	162 70	612 263
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	20 2 270	6 624	881	624	111	13 30	943 450	247 69	541 119	55 197	25 40	75 25
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS												1
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system	35 902 9 840	3 116 652	2 700 455	4 223 1 002	6 620 1 561	19 243 6 170	13 176 4 289	1 1 77 74	1 621 201	1 030 275	2 258 721	7 090 3 018
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	21 604 2 042	1 288 843	1 483 459	2 509 445	4 469 130	11 855 165	6 741 1 008	658 376	1 083 267	499 144	1 241 77	3 260 144
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	388 2 028	11 322	22 28)	18 249	52 408	285 768	216 922	21 48	17 53	106	36 183	136 532
Air conditioning	7 705	630	593	1 259	1 653	3 570	2 946	728	717	345	285	871
Central system	1 363 6 342	204 426	198 395	469 790	329 1 324	163 3 407	970 1 976	401 327	394 323	108 237	11 274	56 815
House heating fuel Utility gas	35 902 21 474	3 116 722	2 700 650	4 223 1 938	6 620 3 739	19 243 14 425	13 176 8 917	1 1 77 485	1 621 999	1 030 552	2 258 1 556	7 090 5 325
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	141 2 389	22 974	24 584	19 489	31 151	45 191	182 1 349	17 561	16 365	30 160	26 96	93 167
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 850 2 048	1 192 206	- 1 341 101	1 591 186	2 273 426	3 453 1 129	2 228 500	108 6	230 11	279 9	488 92	1 123 382
Percent below poverty level	2 714 7.6	146 4.7	226 8.4	297 7.0	433 6.5	1 612 8.4	2 991 22.7	20 5 17.4	389 24.0	161 15.6	516 22.9	1 720 24.2
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	3 476 5 636	90 231	146 380	393 453	574 951	2 273 3 621	3 249 3 780	309 269	526 428	183 337	432 677	1 799 2 069
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	3 282 2 986	243 277	216 219	290 306	609 561	1 924 1 623	1 606 1 049	115 109	181 100	143 103	263 216	904 521
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	6 305 5 584	632 699	550 496	627 686	1 204 990	3 292 2 713	1 913 849	176 95	196 109	129 59	428 174	984 412
\$25,000 to \$34,999	5 839	669	476	905	1 143	2 646	595	70	59	71	61	334
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	1 944 857	192 83	152 65	364 199	371 217	865 293	101 37	24 10	20 2	5	/	45 25
Median	\$17 064 \$18 802	\$20 526 \$21 897	\$18 422 \$19 648	\$20 281 \$22 488	\$17 752 \$20 145	\$15 275 \$16 912	\$9 328 \$11 029	\$10 228 \$12 723	\$7 890 \$10 267	\$9 926 \$11 463	\$10 190 \$11 203	\$9 120 \$10 803

Table A-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	C	Owner-occupied h	ousing units				Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	l unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Tatal	l unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	35 909 18	32 195 9	1 444	2 270 -	13 179 69	5 002 13	2 739 2	1 777	1 273 19	995	943 13	450
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	25 959 855	23 696 557	730 37	1 533 261	5 175 947	2 711 352	1 034 254	465 99	399 111	241 36	141 20	1 84 75
25 to 34 years	5 004 4 947	4 404 4 542	124 99	476 306	1 835 745	959 528	392 132	202 57	145 15	78 5	9	50 8 37
45 to 64 years65 years and over	10 613 4 540	9 981 4 212	300 170	332 158	988 ⁶	263	172 84 454	61 46	45 83	37 85	27 85	37 14 69
Male householder, no wife present	2 558 147 381	2 149 103 287	196 10 50	213 34 44	2 393 461 599	733 80 204	138 128	432 112 96	260 53 63	248 48 81	197 18 23	12
35 to 44 years	316 693	286 584	60	30 49	297 557	82 203	24 110	66 100	51 33	36 58	20 27	18 26 9
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	1 021 7 392	6 350	76 518	56 524	479 5 611	164 1 558	1 251	58 880	60 614	25 506	109 605	197
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	57 478 507	34 346 404	3 15 24	20 117 79	618 1 130 602	123 375 249	169 277 95	158 177 105	90 129 46	40 117 33	8 16 26	197 30 39
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	2 593 3 757	2 244 3 322	184 292	165 143	1 179 2 082	344 467	234 476	175 265	185 164	129 187	69 486	48 43 37
Median ageYEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	53.1	53.4	59.5	38.5	40.8	39.5	35.4	36.7	38.3	47.3	72.5	37.1
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	2 580 6 610	2 042 5 506	116 226	422 878	4 837 4 258	1 617 1 570	1 018 914	771 469	533 407	443 331	231 423	224 144
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	5 649 7 655 13 415	4 901 7 085 12 661	154 256 692	594 314 62	2 056 1 069 959	750 471 594	346 274 187	300 144 93	180 108 45	142 44 35	283 6	55 22 5
ROOMS) room	34	34	- 072	-	407	_	13	28	81	90	197	
2 rooms3 rooms	85 512	55 313	14 114	16 85	442 2 298	42 296	39 624	94 469	5i 233	72	139 397	5 45
4 rooms5 rooms	3 788 7 104	2 290 6 048	375 274	1 123 782	3 698 2 846	956 1 095	798 801	672 337	557 247	234 328 213	119 60	45 268 93 38
6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median	12 448 11 938 6.0	11 890 11 565 6.1	335 332 5.3	223 41 4.4	2 120 1 368 4.4	1 489 1 124 5.6	326 140 4.4	127 50 3.9	77 27 4.0	39 19 3.8	24 7 2.8	38 1 4.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	35 540	31 918	1 378	2 244	12 646	4 831	2 625	1 684	1 179	941	943	443
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	23 472 11 404	21 274 10 075	1 084 281	1 114 1 048	8 162 4 181	2 915 1 735	1 736 845	1 156 519	759 380	730 206	603 333	263 163 12 5
1.01 to 1.50	561 103 369	482 87 277	13 - 66	66 16 26	263 40 533	151 30 17 1	44 114	9 - 93	40 - 94	5 54	5	12 5 7
0.50 or less	285 69	231 33	38 28	16	248 273	110 52	47 64	51 42	31 63	9 45	=	7
1.01 to 1.50	5 10	3 10	=	2 -	10 2	7 2	3 -	_	=	_	Ξ	_
BEDROOMS None	40	40	253	117	499	28	19 1 049	35	95 374	100	217 540	5 39
2	1 224 8 751 19 502	756 6 917 18 382	351 431 423	1 403 697	3 751 5 250 2 801	531 1 696 2 026	1 049 1 207 387	835 731 136	693 82	383 435 68	129 57	359
45 or more	5 460 932	5 264 836	153 86	43 10	708 170	601 120	45 32	31	29	9	Ξ	45 2 -
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000.	3 476	2 895	247	334	3 249	841	674	499	386	288	439	122 157
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	5 636 3 282 2 986	4 862 2 855 2 572	294 129 176	480 298 238	3 780 1 606 1 049	1 276 629 400	808 382 239	536 267 121	384 138 117	281 71 99	338 71 31	48 42
\$15,000 to \$19,999\$20,000 to \$24,999	6 305 5 584	5 585 5 213	215 154	505 217	1 913 849	956 488	397 127	206 70	157 63	109 67	33 15	48 42 55 19
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	5 839 1 944	5 516 1 879	158 40	165 25	595 101	326 71	92 10	76 2	28	52 18	14	7 -
\$50,000 or more Median Mean	857 \$17 064 \$18 802	818 \$17 659 \$19 313	31 \$13 239 \$15 597	\$12 742 \$13 591	37 \$9 328 \$11 029	15 \$11 526 \$13 052	10 \$9 163 \$10 490	\$8 335 \$9 601	\$8 013 \$9 298	10 \$8 741 \$11 922	\$5 389 \$6 907	\$8 224 \$9 021
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	35 902	32 188	1 444	2 270	13 176	4 999	2 739	1 777	1 273	995	943	450
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	9 840 21 604	9 202 19 158	552 747	86 1 699	4 289 6 741	1 038 3 025	1 092 1 359	980 571	649 420	311 472	219 589	305
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	2 042 388 2 028	1 910 345 1 573	50 18 77	82 25 378	1 008 216 922	259 164 513	122 29 137	132 12 82	170 6 28	185 - 27	109 5 21	31 - 114
Air conditioning	7 705 1 363	6 922 1 238	302 32	481 93	2 946 970	962 187	332 22	243 59	245 88	496 223	604 379	64 12
Vehicles available	33 142 12 861	29 842 11 341	1 188 570	2 112 950	9 609 6 460	4 123 2 444	1 944 1 274	1 1 50 863	864 689	745 586	408 363	375 241
2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas	20 281 35 902 21 474	18 501 32 188 20 187	618 1 444 996	1 162 2 270 291	3 149 13 176 8 917	1 679 4 999 3 133	670 2 739 2 119	287 1 777 1 362	175 1 273 870	159 995 739	45 943 661	134 450 33
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	141 2 389	99 2 166	7 55	35 168	182 1 349	48 297	22 136	29 181	28 209	20 203	273	450 33 35 50
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 850 2 048	7 767 1 969	336 50	1 747	2 228 500	1 194 327	358 104	160 45	154 12	25 8	9	328
Water heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	35 802 21 343 819	32 098 20 100 691	1 442 1 014 23	2 262 229 105	13 077 8 863 419	4 947 3 068 247	2 732 2 127 50	1 771 1 344 32	1 268 880 39	973 714 23	943 695	443 35 28 372
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	11 697 1 785	9 534 1 623	320 79	1 843 83	3 356 362	1 458 135	446 102	319 57	303 40	224 6	234 14	372 8
OtherFamily householder	158 29 647	150 26 948	910	1 789	77 7 488	39 3 728	1 472	19 770	6 53	6 356	225	284
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present	13 717 4 982 3 005	12 312 4 249 2 643	326 113 151	1 079 620 211	4 498 2 519 1 973	2 384 1 285 853	872 497 377	470 272 281	395 252 221	134 55 91	50 19 70	193 139 80
With own children under 18 years	974 203	765 157	26 7	183 39	1 364 483	582 188	260 85	207 77	168 70	52 13	28 4	67 46
Income in 1979 below poverty level	6 262 2 714	3 247 2 180	534 182	481 352	5 691 2 991	1 274 981	1 267 627	1 007 471	620 342	639 216	718 241	166 113
Percent below poverty level	7.6	6.8	12.6	15.5	22.7	19.6	22.9	26.5	26.9	21.7	25.6	25.1

Table A=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					uning or symbols,					,	
The SMSA	Totál	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 ar more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units	35 909 853	5 897 -	11 775 285	6 852 231	6 179 122	3 152 88	1 222 60	600 28	232 39	2.54 3.11	104 198 3 114
To one To one one one one one one one one one on	631 3 788 7 104 12 448 6 418 5 520 6.0	367 1 078 1 307 1 789 827 529 5.6	209 1 606 2 741 4 218 1 703 1 298 5.8	44 667 1 306 2 479 1 355 1 001 6.1	362 984 2 330 1 298 1 201 6.2	7 47 483 988 778 849 6.6	20 186 406 280 330 6.5	- 8 37 185 133 237 7.0	- 60 53 44 75 6.6	1.36 2.01 2.32 2.59 3.00 3.43	992 8 327 18 751 35 849 20 514 19 765
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	35 540 34 876 561 103 369 354 5	5 728 5 728 - 169 169	11 670 11 655 15 105 105	6 801 6 792 9 51 51	6 154 6 150 4 	3 146 3 094 45 7 6 4 2	1 222 1 016 206 - - - -	598 370 220 8 2	221 71 77 73 11 - 1	2.55 2.51 6.57 8.24 1.65 1.58 6.75 8.33	103 404 99 284 3 503 617 794 693 38 63
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	32 195 1 444 2 270	4 985 482 430	10 614 477 684	6 177 226 449	5 639 130 410	2 910 52 190	1 101 57 64	553 20 27	216 16	2.58 2.00 2.55	93 622 3 836 6 740
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000. \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$39,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$79,999	29 291 2 165 6 268 7 028 4 939 3 724 2 318 2 199 366 224 60 \$28 400	4 555 587 1 239 1 114 736 508 169 176 14 12 - \$23 200	9 636 744 2 048 2 430 1 689 1 157 735 624 86 88 35 \$27 700	5 521 410 1 113 1 233 1 010 692 477 479 76 20 11 \$30 000	5 226 228 949 1 232 827 776 524 540 78 63 9	2 725 102 524 720 427 378 235 235 79 20 5	983 23 244 224 132 118 119 79 27 17 - \$30 000	464 36 127 68 62 72 47 46 6 - \$30 100	181 35 24 7 56 23 12 20 - 4 - \$34 500	2.58 2.17 2.43 2.49 2.54 2.78 3.03 3.13 3.59 3.10 2.36	84 525 4 981 17 868 18 638 14 027 12 192 7 558 7 108 1 271 723 159
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income	35 909 \$17 064	5 897 \$6 463	11 775 \$14 943	6 852 \$20 373	6 1 79 \$21 369	3 152 \$21 041	1 222 \$23 735	600 \$22 917	232 \$21 014	2.54	104 198
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	15.2 18.5 12.0 2 714 \$3 249	24.5 26.5 24.0 1 033 \$2 785	14.0 18.5 12.3 636 \$3 131	13.1 17.9 10— 342 \$2 789	15.3 18.5 10— 313 \$4 150	15.1 18.1 10- 201 \$6 081	13.3 16.1 10— 86 \$7 273	13.9 16.5 10— 53 \$8 750	15.4 18.9 10.9 50 \$10 833	2.01	
household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	50+ 50+ 45.4	49.3 50+ 47.7	45.3 50+ 41.0	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 45.7	50.0 50+ 29.3	50+ 50+ 10-	27.9 27.9 -	18.4 24.0 15.7	•••	
Renter-occupied housing units	13 179 884	5 097	3 486 481	2 042 176	1 372	734 78	236 35	126 6	86 8	1. 93 2.42	30 099 2 616
1 room 2 rooms	407 442 2 298 3 698 2 846 2 120 1 368 4.4	402 359 1 553 1 583 727 315 158 3.6	55, 59, 577, 1 251, 939, 439, 216, 4.4	19 123 546 637 442 275 5.0	29 249 363 440 291 5.6	- 5 4 63 106 313 243 6.1	- 7 6 44 110 69 6.1	- 5 - 27 40 54 6.3	- - - 3 21 62 7.0	1.01 1.12 1.24 1.71 2.24 3.19 3.62	443 559 3 300 6 894 6 994 7 093 4 816
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.00 to 1.50 1.51 or more	12 646 12 343 263 40 533 521 10 2	4 812 4 812 - 285 285 - -	3 368 3 363 5 118 118	1 977 1 958 19 - 65 65	1 348 1 319 29 - 24 24 -	709 642 60 7 25 20 3 2	228 171 50 7 8 8 - -	119 54 60 5 7	85 24 45 16 1	1.95 1.90 5.97 6.70 1.44 1.41 6.79 5.00	29 007 27 182 1 585 240 1 092 1 000 83 9
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1. detached or attached 2	5 002 2 739 1 777 1 273 995 943 450	1 082 1 132 884 555 598 682 164	1 303 773 451 361 289 210	1 041 412 204 185 55 31 114	722 292 165 101 38 11 43	472 91 67 55 15 9	191 27 6 9 - - 3	111 6 7 1	80 6 - - -	2.61 1.81 1.51 1.73 1.33 1.19 2.12	14 430 5 740 3 394 2 634 1 664 1 263 974
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	12 546 1 150 1 883 3 132 2 395 1 476 950 375 244 78 863 \$195	5 005 871 1 160 1 258 745 390 213 38 33 26 271 \$160	3 341 180 372 975 692 421 225 116 80 9 271 \$200	1 897 39 148 520 457 321 188 64 19 15 126 \$218	1 251 23 123 251 281 197 172 73 44 5 82 \$231	652 32 51 71 155 81 81 41 34 11 95 \$243	208 5 15 44 23 24 45 17 16 12 7 \$265	108 - 14 5 34 21 12 9 11 - 2 \$5	84 - - 8 8 21 14 17 7 - 9 \$302	1.88 1.16 1.31 1.82 2.15 2.33 2.70 3.02 2.97 2.77 2.09	28 085 1 654 3 384 6 260 5 701 3 718 2 927 1 236 870 259 2 076
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income - Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income	13 179 \$9 328 25.8 2 991 \$3 625 50+	5 097 \$6 020 29.6 1 336 \$3 067 50+	3 486 \$10 732 23.0 534 \$3 376 50+	2 042 \$11 817 23.9 396 \$3 939 50+	1 372 \$13 648 21.9 309 \$4 510 50+	734 \$13 010 25.8 259 \$6 014 43.2	236 \$11 786 25.0 78 \$6 857 35.5	126 \$13 056 25.9 49 \$7 135 31.7	\$15 543 22.7 30 \$8 125 43.3	1.93 1.80 	30 099

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

: L	olin care	Morriso	Morried	d-counte formilie	S D D	me 'eionis' see	iogociidii. ros	Mole householder	der no wife pr	idixes A dild o	_		odosiod olomo	Someto horizoholder en hushand areseen	d nessons		
The SMSA		15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years	15 to 24	25 to 34	0 44	45 to 64	65 years	15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years	Median
	Totol	years	years	years	years	and over	years	years	years	years	and over	years	years	years	years	and over	g
Owner-occupied housing units	35 909	855	5 004	4 947	10 613	4 540	147	381	316	693	1 021	22	478	207	2 593	3 757	53.1
PERSONS IN UNIT person person persons p	5 897 11 775 6 852 6 179 3 152 2 054 104 198	370 327 327 139 13 6 2.68 2.68	887 1 303 1 812 719 283 3.67 18 549	415 415 734 1 733 1 194 871 4.26 21 609	2 891 2 891 1 864 916 720 2.88 33 730	3 682 644 152 51 11 2.112	104 31 12 12.	256 56 18 1.24 646	165 28 23 23 1,46 610	412 127 127 33 33 2 2 1.34 1 325	775 140 54 26 6 20 1.16	13 23 2 2.23 137	151 104 99 61 56 7 7 1 264	56 126 132 116 116 1304 1613	1 312 694 276 177 92 1 42 5 030	2 647 207 207 41 20 29 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	67.8 61.5 69.8 40.0 40.8 43.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	35 540 664 369 15	853	4 976 109 28 3	4 938 282 9	10 543 208 70 12	4 481	147	381	309	676 24 17	955	95 1 - 1	470 7 8 8	507 8 1	2 566 6 27 	3 682 12 75	53.0 66.5 50.4
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979																	
With a mortgage least that a mortgaged least that in Top and a mortgaged least that in 10 percent least that a mortgaged least that a mortgaged least that is a lot 24 percent least that is a lot 24 percent least that a more least that a lot 25 to 29 percent least that a lot 25 to 29 percent least that a lot 25 to 29 percent least l	29 291 12 890 14 890 19 90 19 90 10	548 1019 1029 1037 722 723 733 733 103 115 115	3 754 3 754 1 063 1 063 238 238 375 20.3 20.3 236 76 10 10	4 0% 3 173 3 173 1 151 953 188 188 173 173 173 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 18	8 955 3 420 1 700 1 700 1 700 1 112 3 52 1 1 108 1 108 1 208 1 3 627 1 108 1 2 6 6 7 10 1 108 1 2 6 7 10 1 108 1 108	25.5. 25.5. 25.5. 3.5. 25.5. 3.5. 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207	88 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	23. 23. 25. 25. 25. 25. 26. 27. 27. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28. 28	25. 26. 26. 26. 26. 27. 27. 27. 27. 28. 28. 26. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27	50 31 31 32 22 22 22 38 34 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	75 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	33 16 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	228 286 286 287 207 30.7 30.7 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	227 227 237 237 256 256 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257	2 082 459 7 102 102 103 103 14 143 103 143 103 143 103 15 16 103	3 08 138 138 2 2 5 5 2 2 2 5 5 5 6 4 170 2 2 2 5 2 5 5 6 6 6 7 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6	88.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.
Renter-occupied housing units	13 179	947	1 835	745	986	99	461	266	297	557	479	819	1 130	602	1 179	2 082	40.8
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 person 3 person 5 person 5 person 6 person 6 person 7 person 7 person 7 person 8 person 9 pe	5 097 3 486 2 042 1 372 1 334 1 538 30 099	3.28 440 140 140 31 8 2.83 2.735	425 480 480 615 235 80 3.52 6 399	217 217 222 222 148 4.49 3 239	500 227 131 38 38 249 249 249	584 57 4 4 1 391	298 88 81 10 10 1.27 744	408 139 26 19 7 7 7 925	229 42 20 20 1,15 408	351 139 10 13 13 1,29 874	409 1.09 580	253 224 21 21 23 1.75 1.75	444 307 222 222 88 37 37 32 1.89 2 465	180 149 91 98 53 31 1 653	720 230 143 143 57 21 21 21 20%	1 805 244 21 7 7 1.08 2 442	60.7 45.0 29.4 31.9 39.7
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 646 303 533 12	924 3308	1 815 97 20 2	72 24 5 5 5	937 51 2	61.4 8 1.6 1.0	421 10 40 -	586 - 13	263 34 6	489 - 68 - 1	436	601 17 17	1115 24 15	581 7 21	1 147 17 32	1 996 5 86	6.15.45 1.05.45 0.15
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 24 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed	12 546 1868 1 868 1 967 1 733 1 386 1 737 1 963 2 58	887 1264 127 120 120 53 53 53 64 8	1 709 1 709 3413 3423 223 167 116 116 1116 121	647 288 288 881 288 288 883 883 883 883 883	887 2046 2046 2046 89 89 84 42 42 128 183	617 47 108 98 36 90 89 89 25.5	55 88 86 72 11 81 11 82 11 83	52 121 121 127 127 127 128 85 15 15 16 17	6 8 425852 84 7.	53 100 100 100 88 88 84 12 12 12 13	438 3112 32 32 33 33 39 39 39	610 810 747 748 889 889 889 71 71 33 33 33 35.5	1 097 1 111 212 212 163 143 81 127 239 239 239 239 239 239	567 2 62 2 73 2 73 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 159 170 170 170 1130 119 220 27.9	2 055 79 79 240 283 283 283 283 283 33.9	41.0 42.9 44.5 44.5 44.5 44.5 53.0 53.0

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				Mole hous	eholder				*···	Female hou	seholder		
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 ta 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	5 897	1 712	104	256	165	412	775	4 185	19	151	56	1 312	2 647
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive useLocking complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 728 169	1 632 80	104	256	158 7	405 7	709 66	4 096 89	19	146 5	56	1 29 4 18	2 581 66
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more	4 985 482	1 431 135	81	192 32 32	148	336 51	674 52	3 554 347	8 2	109 5	42 12	1 104 92	2 291 236
Mobile home or trailer, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	430	146	23		17	25	49	284	9	37	2	116	120
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	2 171 2 063 524 336	385 497 175 156	26 15 6	19 29 28 52	16 18 31	83 82 57 48	282 344 57 19	1 786 1 566 349 180	12 - -	6 52 44 21	6 24 17 3	405 526 168 89	1 369 952 120 67
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	453 166 121	268 126 78	41 15 	95 18 13	34 25 27	69 61 5	29 7 33	185 40 43	7 _ _	20 8 -	=	74 19 16	84 13 27
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or morc Median	48 15 \$6 463	19 8 \$9 703	\$15 385 \$14 328	\$15 000 \$14 942	8 6 \$17 431	7 - \$11 798	4 - \$6 250 \$7 938	29 7	- \$7 375	\$10 994	6 \$9 706	10 5 \$7 241	13 2 \$4 901
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$8 478	\$11 725	\$14 328	\$14 942	\$21 302	\$12 356	\$7 938	\$5 729 \$7 151	\$9 925	\$10 994 \$11 490	\$11 521	\$8 420	\$4 901 \$6 161
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units With a marigage	4 555 772	1 273 418	73 67	173 160	125 71	297 60	605 60	3 282 354	8 8	97 72	38 19	1 027 162	2 112
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	143 159 183	68 63 86	9 8 6	23 21 39	11 6 17	5 21 18	20 7 6	354 75 96 97	8	14 8 28	6 7	25 47	30 26 15
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	141 57 76	103 38 47	32 12	52 - 25	15 6	16	20 -	38 19 29	=	- 8	- - 6	54 22 5 9	16
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	7	7	- - -	- -	2	=	5 -		Ξ	14	- -	-	=
\$750 or more Median Not mortgaged	\$273 3 783	\$295 855	\$366 6	\$296 13	\$305 54	\$261 237	\$275 545	\$253 2 928	\$225	\$275 25	\$225 19	\$258 865	\$232 2 019
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	34 207 739	19 80 194	=	=	10	26 51	13 54 133	15 127 545	=	10	- 9	9 19 161	98 375
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 227 766 607	188 149 157	- 6 -	- 2 11	12 12 14	35 47 54	141 82 78	1 039 617 450	Ξ	15	3 5 2	313 175 132	723 422 316
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	163 40 \$119	52 16 \$118	- \$138	- \$170	<u>6</u> \$135	5 13 \$125	41 3 \$113	111 24 \$119	=	- \$129	- \$104	49 7 \$119	62 17 \$118
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of		00.7	•••	25.0	14.4	24.0	80.7	***	45.0		20.4		
Not mortgage	24.5 26.5 24.0	20.7 25.2 18.0	25.0 25.9 10—	25.2 25.9 17.0	16.6 18.6 10—	14.3 24.6 12.4	23.7 50+ 22.1	25.9 30.6 25.6	45.0 45.0	22.2 31.5 11.0	18.4 21.3 15.7	21.8 27.8 19.9	28.0 46.1 27.7
Percent below poverty level	1 033 17.5	182 10.6	1.0	19 7.4	-	62 15.0	100 12.9	851 20.3	=	4.0	7.1	273 20.8	568 21.5
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	5 097	1 695	298	408	229	351	409	3 402	253	444	180	720	1 805
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	4 812 285	1 522 173	266 32	395 13	195 34	297 54	369 40	3 290 112	241 12	444	168 12	692 28	1 745 60
1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4	1 082 1 132 884	422 337 351	43 95 81	112 96 73	42 20 53	102 83 86	123 43 58	660 795 533	41 71 70	81 144 90	. 44 31 36	157 111 115	337 438 222
5 to 9	555 598 682	177 212	14 48	43 75	51 25	14 39	55 25	378 386 535	30 22 8	37 71 12	12 18	154 109 47	145 166 460
Mobile home or trailer, etc	164	49	8	2	20 18	19	103	115	11	9	31	27	37
less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	2 174 1 549 576	496 518 223	97 131 46	37 60 106	47 39	115 105 44	200 183 4	1 678 1 031	72 117 39	31 152 106	58 53 44	326 215 87	1 191 494 77
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	576 323 322 98	124 232	12 12	66 105	23 29 58	17 40 27	17	353 199 90 44	18	102 32 21	6 11 8	40 39 13	33 8 2
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	47 -	54 40 -	= =	21 13 -	19	3 -	5	7	7	- -	-	-	-
\$50,000 or more Median Mean	\$6 020 \$7 433	8 \$8 236 \$9 460	\$6 585 \$6 882	\$12 538 \$12 859	8 \$12 974 \$14 010	\$7 819 \$8 958	\$5 094 \$5 832	\$5 090 \$6 423	\$6 662 \$7 295 -	\$10 920 \$10 906	\$7 717 \$7 913	\$5 659 \$6 795	\$4 317 \$4 902
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	5 005 871	1 642 256	293 24	408 8	229	339 79	373 102	3 363 615	245 7	444	177 12	714 86	1 783 504
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 160 1 258 745	347 376 280	50 112	22 134 127	43 39 38 41	114 36 36	122 56 30	813 882 465	43 138 32	56 118 144	12 55 45	218 183 83	484 388 161
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	390 213	184 70	46 35 —	72 29	32 13	27 16	18 12	206 143	20 5	62 41 8	23 16	37 32 8	64 49 7
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	38 33 26	15 17 14	1 7	7 - -	- - 7	. -	2 - -	23 16 12	=	- 6	- 6	7	9
No cash rent Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	271 \$160	83 \$173	\$188	\$209	16 \$184	25 \$143	31 \$128	188 \$156	\$187	\$212	\$204	60 \$153	\$136
Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	29.6	24.0	30.8	20.7	17.3	23.0	33.8	32.3	31.4	23.2	35.1	30.9	35.8
Percent below poverty level	1 336 26.2	336 19.8	84 28.2	27 6.6	37 16.2	82 23.4	106 25.9	1 000 29.4	60 23.7	17 3.8	58 32.2	243 33.8	622 34.5

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					ror meaning or symbols, see introduction. For definitions of	,,		-,	
The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	517	89	184	244	Vocant for rent housing units	882	209	356	317
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	19 49 100 170 94 85 6.0	6 15 26 23 19 6.4	11 2 67 53 34 17 5.7	8 41 18 91 37 49 6.1	1 room	23 46 238 239 193 118 25 4.1	3 14 72 18 44 52 6 4.4	7 26 71 142 66 27 17 4.0	13 6 95 79 83 39 2
PLUMBING FACILITIES					PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	451 66	77 12	162 22	212 32	Complete plumbing far exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	819 63	198 11	332 24	289 28
BEDROOMS None					BEDROOMS				
1	46 99 289 81 2	27 43 19	11 36 111 26	35 36 135 36 2	None	23 290 358 192 13	3 68 83 49 6	7 127 136 79	13 95 139 64
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	6		-	6
1975 to March 1980	85 22 60 33 30 287	8 11 13 - - 57	57 11 37 6 2 71	20 10 27 28 159	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	131 76 45 55 41 534	34 18 20 15 9	68 40 13 26 21 188	29 18 12 14 11 233
), detached or attached	401	83	142	176	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more Mobile home or troiler HEATING EQUIPMENT	78 38	6	34	64	1, detached or ottoched	273 172	57 49	92 53 62	124 70
Central heating system	455 42 20	77 12 -	164 11 9	214 19 11	3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troller	162 102 102 4 67	36 46 3 - 18	62 46 88 4 11	64 10 11 - 38
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	374 44 126 66 13 29 38 35	71 28 11 11 13 8	142 17 38 16 13 11 15 23	39 7 10 4	\$pecified vacant for rent housing units	875 160 228 253 111 80 39	209 47 34 70 44 8 6	356 61 74 104 34 49 30	310 52 120 79 33 23 3
\$100,000 or more Median	\$21 600	\$29 200	\$30 000	-	Medion	\$155	\$164	\$159	\$137

Table A — 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Price asked	Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	sing units			Rent aske	d — Specified	l vacant for	rent housing	units	
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 ta \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dallars)
Total	374	44	192	42	87	9	21 600	875	160	481	191	39	4	155
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	356 18	39 5	190 2	42	76 11	9	21 400 65 900	812 63	135 25	449 32	186 5	38 1	4 -	156 121
BEDROOMS														
None	- 81 231 62	9 22 13	51 108 33	- 6 31 5	- 15 61 11	- - 9 	20 100 28 100 13 900	23 290 358 185 13 6	3 69 47 41 -	13 179 194 89 -	3 39 110 32 7	3 7 23 6	4 - - - -	154 149 159 158 223 135
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to March 1980	72 11 45 29 9 208	- - - - - 44	2 - 16 23 7 144	6 11 7 6 2 10	64 - 13 - - 10	- 9 - -	64 100 42 500 49 600 17 400 13 200 16 000	126 76 45 53 41 534	8 12 2 22 116	30 41 17 23 9 361	73 20 12 28 9	23 7 - 1 8	- 4 - -	273 183 110 202 55 141
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached ar attached 2 or mare Mobile hame or trailer	374 	44 	192 	42 	87 	9	21 600	266 542 67	65 81 14	143 294 44	52 130 9	33 -	- 4 -	147 164 129

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Less thon	\$10,000	\$20,000	\$30,000	\$40,000	\$50,000	\$60,000	\$80,000	\$100,000			
Total	\$10,000	\$19,999	\$29,999	\$39,999	to \$49,999	\$59,999	ta \$79,999	to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
13 006	1 166	3 683	3 565	2 044	1 240	635	527	75	61	10	23 800	28 100
0.005	401	2 274	2 570	3 544	044	614	424	.,	40		25 400	20, 200
207 1 697 1 574 3 762 1 765 866 37 110	5 58 81 241 216 190	70 432 336 932 504 253 19	77 527 399 1 075 492 122 6 30	31 301 330 613 269 109 6	202 197 401 135 108 6 31	8 81 116 238 71 54 - 7	7 96 95 195 41 13	5 41 25 4		- - 5 - 5	21 100 26 200 28 900 25 500 22 100 19 600 19 800 35 800	29 800 25 400 29 800 32 300 30 600 26 600 27 800 28 700 33 200 26 800
196 407 3 135 23 163 193 1 059 1 697 54.8	31 375 31 136 208 63.5	54 136 1 156 12 75 56 417 596 56.9	24 40 873 11 65 51 280 466 54.1	29 48 391 - 18 27 151 195 52.8	29 25 188 - 17 58 113 51.5	17 13 67 1 10 56 52.6	7 80 4 11 7 58 50.2	- 4 - - - - - - - 59.3	- 8 5 - - - 5 58.5	- 5 - - - - - - - 65.0	20' 400 16' 600 20' 300 17' 300 20' 900 21' 000 19' 400 20' 700	25 500 25 900 23 300 21 300 22 700 24 400 21 600 24 300
687 2 086 1 831 2 861 5 541	29 76 67 231 763	133 520 535 706 1 789	202 547 564 801 1 451	110 392 334 417 791	111 225 167 293 444	50 153 89 181 162	47 143 65 187 85	5 15 - 17 38	15 10 23 13	- - 5 5	28 800 28 000 24 700 25 400 21 000	32 600 32 300 28 400 30 400 24 600
102 680 1 854 5 569 2 665 2 136 6.2	55 84 221 492 154 160 6.0	30 191 527 1 760 676 499 6.1	184 507 1 576 798 500 6.2	5 139 305 862 426 307 6.2	6 54 187 520 258 215 6.2	6 20 81 191 165 172 6.6	- 8 26 145 150 198 7.1	- - 18 20 37 7.5	- - 5 18 38 8.3	- - - - 10 8.5+	10000— 22 400 23 000 22 500 25 700 27 200	16 800 24 600 25 400 26 000 30 100 34 900
7 204 2 584 7 695 2 223 293	7 67 314 602 150 26	89 765 2 239 526 64	31 691 2 086 717 40	11 428 1 251 308 46	245 761 192 42	6 86 414 109 20	- 50 277 178 22	- - 37 20 18	- 5 28 23 5	- - - - - 10	10000— 15 700 22 300 24 100 24 900 32 600	7 500 16 400 25 300 27 900 30 900 43 200
322 232 891 937 857 9 767	- 6 11 6 33 1 110	6 15 87 140 3 435	29 17 101 143 245 3 030	25 67 128 207 264 1 353	78 46 224 255 122 515	97 43 173 118 26 178	82 44 201 76 22 102	5 16 29 25	9 17 16 - 19	- 5 - 5	51 700 46 200 48 600 40 900 30 300 20 800	51 500 48 600 50 000 42 500 32 400 23 000
1 201 2 130 1 194 1 051 2 279 2 024 2 201 685 241 \$17 103 \$18 552	216 331 115 95 160 144 72 33 - \$10 783 \$12 920	416 727 415 333 756 450 468 101 17 \$14 628 \$15 626	340 545 346 306 654 677 517 148 32 \$16 724 \$17 613	141 337 197 152 373 394 363 65 22 \$17 437 \$18 040	54 144 68 103 182 185 341 141 22 \$21 835 \$22 306	30 18 39 55 105 96 198 61 33 33 \$23 322 \$26 076	28 14 7 39 71 209 102 53 \$29 375 \$32 496	- - 6 - 14 28 27 \$44 392 \$49 504	- - 4 7 19 6 4 25 \$40 680 \$43 179	- - - - - - 10 \$75 000 \$132 383	19 300 20 100 21 500 22 100 22 900 24 800 31 300 39 200 59 000	21 200 22 300 23 800 24 800 26 200 28 300 35 000 40 300 66 600
5 209 1 764 1 438 790 351 263 591 122 17.9 3 197 3 197 1 584 1 031 512 477 186 734	279 68 56 40 28 28 21.9 21.9 253 200 116 71 30 140	1 201 401 370 142 82 70 130 6 6 71.7.7 2 482 978 456 397 165 161 161 66 210	1 497 486 457 245 94 57 158 2 068 857 465 264 108 26 218	931 336 273 157 21 1 55 59 17.4 1 113 3996 283 134 193 79 29	606 205 144 111 42 33 71 - 18.4 634 327 86 625 35 58 155	328 112 66 43 45 5 51 66 18.7 307 14 50 7	297 121 599 455 34 13 25 - 17.3 230 169 13 8 8 6 - 9	33 15 7 - 5 6 16.1 42 35 7 7	32 15 6 7 - 4 - 15.8 29 29	12.5	26 500 26 600 25 900 24 400 26 400 36 300 21 700 21 700 20 900 20 900 20 500 10 900 20 500 21 500 21 500	31 200 32 700 29 800 31 900 32 700 27 400 29 800 36 900 24 300 24 300 24 100 23 200 24 100 25 500 20 400
12 994 136 12 12 12 999 12 781 3 129 572 838	1 166 28 - 1 166 1 138 112 - 159	3 671 51 12 3 683 3 611 553 3 11 286	3 565 14 3 558 3 492 826 68 236	2 044 32 - 2 044 2 021 560 57 89	1 240 6	635 5 	527 - - 527 513 237 140	75 	61 61 61 61 39	10— 10— 10— 10 10 10	23 800 15 700 12 500 23 800 23 800 31 200 52 700 18 800	28 100 20 800 12 500 12 500 28 100 28 100 36 100 57 000 21 000
	9 005 1 697 1 574 3 762 1 765 864 37 110 116 1196 407 3 135 2 33 1 163 1 193 1 059 2 665 2 163 6 1 831 2 861 1 554 1 854 2 2 62 2 2 23 2 23 2 23 2 23 2 23 2 23	9 005 601 207 58 1 574 81 1 765 216 886 190 116 126 127 127 128 12	9 005 601 2 274 70 1 697 58 432 1 574 81 336 3 762 241 932 1 765 216 504 866 190 253 1 10 2 6 21 1 10 6 43 54 407 121 136 1 136 137 156 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 56 1 193 31 75 1 156 208 596 54.8 63.5 56.9 687 299 208 596 54.8 63.5 56.9 688 29 1 333 2 086 76 5325 2 861 231 706 5 541 763 1 789 1 102 555 30 680 84 191 1 854 221 760 2 665 154 221 760 2 665 154 221 760 2 665 154 221 760 2 665 154 221 760 2 665 154 221 760 2 665 154 221 760 2 665 154 221 760 2 665 154 221 760 2 665 154 221 760 2 665 154 221 760 2 665 154 221 760 2 77 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	P	9 005 601 2 274 2 570 1 544 31 1 677 58 1 1 697 58 1 1 697 208 596 466 1 190 1 191 1 184 1 196 1 181 67 528 1 167 548 1 181 67 528 1 181 67 528 1 181 67 528 1 181 67 528 1 181 68 1 18	9 005	9 005	9 005 601 2 274 2 570 1 544 944 514 434 1 67 1 67 1 67 1 67 1 67 1 67 1 67 1 6	9 805	9 005	9 005	9 003

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	[nate are estimat	es bused on o	sumple, see ii	in odocilon. Te	i incuming or a	synthous, see n	moduction. 70	n deminions of	ieims, see op	pelidixes A OII	o 0;	
Altoona city	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Medion (dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	6 626	784	1 131	1 807	1 205	718	414	153	81	22	311	185
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	2 207 405 768 292 389 353	57 18 12 - 11 16	211 37 44 38 26	591 133 161 50 98 149	475 110 208 47 73	367 81 133 56 67 30	229 26 119 27 45 12	99 - 51 22 20 6	46 - 12 19 5	10 5 5	122 23 28 44 27	218 207 237 246 222 176
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	1 302 264 277 170 317 274 3 117 310 581 289 705 1 232	185 15 3 37 59 71 542 8 32 27 72 403	290 36 12 36 123 83 630 59 68 15 175 313	304 106 93 24 34 47 912 161 177 81 215 278	218 53 94 16 26 29 512 39 186 64 127 96	158 41 33 30 34 20 193 31 44 55 25	48 - 16 4 18 10 137 12 36 24 21	19 	21 8 13 	12 6	59 5 -23 17 14 130 - 6 5 59 60	174 188 210 151 142 131 171 187 202 212 166 131
Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	2 356 2 040 1 243 601 386	70.0 167 267 258 47 45	289 314 237 202 89	38.5 635 615 310 168 79	32.0 512 375 174 60 84	34.7 366 177 131 33	206 130 47 16 15	35.1 94 43 7 9	34.0 47 34 - -	32.5 11 11 -	53.0 29 74 79 66 63	206 182 166 154
ROOMS 1 room	317 314 1 291 1 546 1 403 1 151 604 4.4	221 111 206 122 78 33 13 2.8	58 136 308 331 201 76 21 3.7	6 48 472 584 416 226 55 4.1	216 314 305 269 96 4.7	46 111 222 215 124 5.4	18 5 20 20 114 156 81 5.7	- - 12 22 58 61 6.2	- 6 18 - 32 25 6.0	6 6 10 4.3	8 9 17 28 35 86 128 6.2	91 108 162 177 199 238 267
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 626 6 426 4 146 2 144 119 17 200 81 119	784 693 435 253 - 5 91 24 67 -	1 131 1 075 778 278 19 - 56 32 24	1 807 1 782 1 219 531 25 7 25 19 6	1 205 1 184 741 428 15 - 21 6	718 711 401 290 15 5 7 - 7	414 414 181 206 27 - - - -	153 153 84 69 - - - -	81 81 43 31 7 - -	22 22 11 6 5 - -	311 311 253 52 6 	185 187 181 199 238 175 105 118 97
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 662 1 588 45 74	357 336 - 21	386 362 8 24	348 336 13 12	267 257 6 10	140 133 - 7	95 95 11 -	28 28 - - -	15 15 7 -	11 11 -	15 15 - - -	162 164 206 109
BEDROOMS None	374 2 225 2 228 1 406 323 70	251 336 137 52 8	78 595 345 79 29 5	6 815 742 197 41 6	7 322 502 308 47 19	90 248 299 74 7	18 30 89 237 40	- 52 57 29 15	- 35 38 8 -	6 5 6 5 -	8 32 72 134 47 18	91 159 191 250 263 220
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	2 160 1 658 1 038 601 465 704	94 100 120 59 83 328	127 394 249 150 62 149	386 574 394 233 142 78	391 384 187 80 92 71	437 120 63 20 51 27	273 68 11 27 20 15	116 14 5 18 - -	57 - 14 - 10	5 - - 6 11	274 4 9 - 9 15	243 180 168 172 181 103
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	276 817 374 381 795 3 983	75 342 64 11 46 246	47 127 54 24 65 814	31 106 90 153 314 1 113	23 140 56 72 103 811	7 64 51 65 130 401	34 22 20 28 72 238	24 - 6 7 47 69	24 - 12 - 6 39	11 6 - - 5	16 15 21 12 247	170 128 187 198 196 186
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3	5 904 722 648	467 317 311	978 153 145	1 712 95 54	1 118 87 76	698 20 12	394 20 20	153	71 10 10	17 5 5	296 15 15	190 107 101
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 55 percent or more Not computed Not computed	935 1 064 979 757 392 976 1 134 389 25.9	152 97 179 158 83 70 37 8 23.9	166 160 186 127 74 191 214 13 26.9	357 336 286 160 70 284 289 25 23.5	153 217 141 177 79 183 228 27	81 164 104 50 41 106 172 	26 67 52 56 16 63 134	12 25 13 17 57 29 -	11 6 11 6 22 25 - 36.5	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	311	173 194 173 178 178 189 206 184
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heatling equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system	6 626 6 366 1 249 457	784 774 223 120	1 131 1 084 113 54	1 807 1 741 242 51	1 205 1 131 166 73	718 704 191 43	414 395 128 45	1 53 138 44 18	81 81 24 16	22 22 17 6	311 296 101 31	185 184 199 193

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Data die estima	es beset on	o sample, see	, minodocrion.		ousehold incor		non: Tor con		inis, see opper			
Altoona city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-eccupied housing units	14 403	1 450	2 385	1 317	1 215	2 493	2 131	2 377	762	273	16 736	18 306	976
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	9 774 228	293	9 47 7	810 12	895 43	2 030 79	1 777 51	2 076 22	697 9	249 5	19 791 18 702	21 429 20 659	318
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	1 795 1 663 4 113 1 975 1 040	45 15 142 91 156	70 48 266 556 270	124 80 258 336 125	174 137 226 315	496 347 806 302 127	491 434 650 151 119	356 451 1 119 128 108	29 124 477 58 31	10 27 169 38 12	19 900 21 859 22 462 12 536 11 880	20 480 23 184 24 249 15 029 15 659	55 32 177 54 54
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	47 152 116 232	- 6 - 29	21 17 39	8 28 19 32	21 24 6	12 33 33 24	6 22 28 51	12 13 45	6 12	=======================================	14 345 14 688 16 905 19 167	14 974 16 171 17 709 17 890	- 6 - 18
65 years and over	493 3 589 23 183 215	121 1 001 6 46 35	193 1 168 11 50 61	38 382 - 29 57	41 228 - 6 14	25 336 25 16	12 235 6 22 18	38 1 93 4 8	13 34 - 1 6	12 12 - -	8 466 7 951 8 750 9 375 10 504	14 035 10 570 11 178 10 701 11 317	30 604 6 85 35
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	1 213 1 955 55.4	201 713 69.3	381 665 68.1	135 161 61.0	124 84 56.9	169 126 48.7	83 106 44.7	93 88 49.7	15 12 53.0	12 54.0	10 454 6 352	12 935 9 001	172 306 60.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	764 2 261 2 022	23 127 142	65 169 233	69 169 132	82 230 132	163 563 468	180 443 458	133 452 347	43 71 100	6 37 10	19 419 19 057 18 904	21 193 19 860 18 921	38 126 126
1960 to 1969	3 107 6 249	237 921	346 1 572	280 667	232 539	483 816	536 514	687 758	195 353	111 109	19 793 12 367	21 139 15 784	194 492
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	14 363 147 40	1 437 6 13	2 362 - 23	1 317 23 -	1 215 31 -	2 493 43	2 131 14 -	2 377 25 -	758 5 4	273 - -	16 769 16 125 6 458	18 331 18 559 9 553	963 22 13
Heating equipment	14 396 14 143 3 463 620	1 450 1 396 205 19	2 385 2 336 398 43	1 317 1 298 326 23	1 215 1 194 265 31	2 486 2 449 577 100	2 131 2 083 510 75	2 377 2 363 767 165	762 751 254 82	273 273 161 82	16 728 16 770 19 671 26 284	18 306 18 374 22 004 30 719	976 922 1 53 14
Vehicles available	12 829 6 068 6 761 14 396 13 684	777 625 152 1 450 1 419	1 729 1 386 343 2 385 2 285	1 248 904 344 1 317 1 225	1 157 738 419 1 215 1 113	2 418 1 052 1 366 2 486 2 366	2 115 754 1 361 2 131 2 056	2 363 481 1 882 2 377 2 229	754 107 647 762 738	268 21 247 273 253	18 175 12 903 22 459 16 728 16 741	19 695 14 506 24 352 18 306 18 265	613 430 183 976 954
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Bectricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	15 15 190 173 334	8 23	2 263 6 6 19 69	13 33 46	23 44 35	40 24 56	2 036 27 12 36	2 227 9 51 26 62	736 10 7 7	20 -	30 132 22 167 14 006 14 571	22 320 25 848 16 547 16 428	734 - - 5 17
Median rooms	6.2	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.6	7.4	•••	•••	6.0
Specified owner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	13 006	1 201	2 130	1 194	1 051	2 279	2 024	2 201	685	241	17 103	18 552	838
With a mortgage Less than \$200	5 209 640 1 192 1 295	190 28 57 35	385 77 123 99	402 43 129 105	412 75 123 87	1 159 134 321 359	1 160 157 232 291	1 112 103 164 266	304 23 43 53	85 	20 208 18 697 17 705 19 564	21 250 18 626 17 879 19 966	231 40 76 41
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	794 547 446 158	35 30 27 6 7	44 12 22 5	57 43 13 6	22 33 44 8	177 76 72 16	184 163 97 20	202 148 141 41	67 38 20 45	11 7 31 10	21 373 22 292 22 650 28 182	22 453 22 335 25 961 29 079	34 27 6 7
\$750 or more	98 39 \$280 7 797	\$264 1 011	3 \$247 1 745	\$264 792	12 8 \$255 63 9	\$267 1 120	16 \$283 864	30 17 \$306 1 089	10 5 \$325 38 1	21 5 \$480 156	25 938 28 021 13 871	41 797 33 083 16 750	\$250 607
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	5 153 976 2 519 1 951	47 220 358 214	31 296 718	5 29 148 268 129	20 72 192 199	20 59 344 388	80 264 218	6 64 287 295	- 25 81 122	12 7 33	11 250 9 659 9 381 11 712 15 815	10 610 10 156 11 799 14 240 17 654	18 141 219 114
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	1 547 480 166 \$128	105 55 12 \$117	353 258 53 36 \$119	169 37 7 \$120	93 48 15 \$129	234 61 14 \$134	245 32 25 \$135	281 126 30 \$141	99 37 17 \$142	63 31 10 \$171	18 495 16 926 19 821	20 624 22 695 26 299	66 42 7 \$116
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	5 209 1 764 1 438 790	190 - -	385 6 - 26	12 12 120	412 32 110 139	1 159 194 573 238	1 160 499 408 193	1 112 709 288 61	304 239 47 13	85 85 —	20 208 26 373 20 232 17 115	21 250 29 434 21 411 17 819	231 - - 5
25 to 29 percent	351 263 591 12 17.9	178 12 50+	56 76 221 - 37.7	104 85 81 - 28.3	20 46 65 - 22.3	96 31 27 - 18.4	44 5 11 - 16.0	26 20 8 13.5	5 - - 10.5	- - - 10—	14 437 11 632 8 275 2500—	15 852 13 078 8 295	29 185 12 50+
Net mertgaged	7 797 3 197 1 584	50+ 1 011 - 11	1 7 45 11 223	792 103 40 7	639 190 326	1 120 604 435	864 744 101	1 089 1 015 74	381 374 7	156 156	13 871 24 587 13 658 9 089	16 750 27 196 14 538 9 758	607 - 7 17
15 to 19 percent	1 031 512 477 186 734	18 35 130 107 634	636 382 325 68 100	192 62 22 6	93 25 5 -	73 8 - - -	19 - - -	= = =	=	=	7 381 5 932 4 673 3 654	7 917 6 079 5 376 3 561	11 38 21 437
Not computed Median	76 12.1	76 40.0	20.0	13.6	12.0	10-	10-	10—	10—	10-	2500		76 47.4

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Ho	ousehold incor	ne in 1979						
Altoona city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	6 753	1 939	2 014	789	484	969	300	198	45	15	8 322	9 980	1 702
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	2 276 418	185 47	639 132	336 54	241 57	539 112	164	126 7	37	9	12 336 11 389	13 509 11 591	331 83
25 to 34 years	786	63	166	133	99	219	34	65	7	_	13 283	13 833	112
35 to 44 years	299 407	24 12	49 96	50 23 76	28 31	84 95	41 80	18 36	30	5 4	14 866 16 995	14 741 17 943	63 33
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	366 1 331	39 398	196 406	76 1 42	26 82	29 1 86	65	43	3	- 6	8 587 8 197	9 067 9 823	40 335 107
15 to 24 years	264	107	100	23	14	12	8	-	-	-	6 330	6 737	107
25 to 34 years	277 170	34 28	65 40	58 17	22 26	82 28	16 10	15	_	- 6	11 703 12 500	11 848 14 617	38 30
45 to 64 years65 years and over	335 285	93 136	92 109	44	16	43 21	21 10	23	3	_	8 750 5 217	10 593	38 30 83 77
Female householder, no husband present	3 146	1 356	969	311	161	244	71	29	5	-	5 901	6 948 7 493	1 036
15 to 24 years	310 592	127 148	120 195	29 78	67	28 60	6 37	7	_	_	5 787 8 601	6 470 9 757	1 036 150 185 142
25 to 34 years	301 711	125 227	92 210	31 83	16	35 84	2	22	_ 5	-	6 328	7 402	142 224
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	1 232	729	352	90	54 24	37	26	_	_	_	8 041 4 576	9 479 5 539	335
Median age	44.3	62.8	47.6	36.6	33.9	34.1	39.9	40.7	52.5	41.5	•••	•••	41.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	2 368 2 102	639 595	726 590	252 284	214 145	351 307	129 91	52 69	15	5	8 545 8 405	9 847 10 084	680 537
1970 to 1974	1 272	409	397	147	52	180	34	44	9	6	7 763	9 553	281
1960 ta 1969 1959 or earlier	613 398	172 124	164 137	76 30	44 29	90 41	29 17	20 13	18 3	- 4	9 054 7 786	10 977 10 050	112 92
			,	•		••	••		·	-		10 000	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 553	1 816	1 965	784	471	964	295	198	45	15	8 521	10 112	1 628
0.50 or less	4 217	1 322	1 276	487	290	533	153	125	25	6	7 795	9 539	885
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	2 195 119	488 6	633 44	281 11	174 7	405 26	116 21	73	20	5 4	9 780 12 159	10 962 14 502	693
1.51 or more	22	_	12	5	_	-	5	-	-	-	9 500	11 523	885 693 38 12 74 35 39
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	200 81	123 56	49 25	5	13	5 -	5 -	_	=	-	4 315 4 006	5 645 4 001	74 35
0.51 to 1.00	119	67	24	5	13	5	5	-	-	-	4 583	6 764	39
1.51 or more	_	=	_	=	_	_	_	=	=	-	_	=	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Heating equipment	6 753	1 939	2 014	789	484	969	300	198	45	15	8 322	9 980	1 702
Central heating system	6 481 1 255	1 837 348	1 923 325	768 100	460 66	952 252	291 80	193 61	42 17	15 6	8 428 9 011	10 061 11 454	1 597 202
Central system	457	164	178	23	6	41	26	14	5	_	6 493	8 980	62
Vehicles available	4 329 3 191	647 585	1 205 1 009	653 566	426 339	882 467	272 150	1 84 48	45 21	15 6	11 196 10 007	12 230 10 703	641 550
2 or more	1 138 6 753	1 939	196 2 014	87 7 89	87 484	415 969	122 300	136 198	24 45	9 15	16 236 8 322	16 512 9 980	91 1 702
Utility gas	6 180	1 780	1 808	728	465	886	255	198	45	15	8 366	10 027	1 561
Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity	67 297	14 103	22 100	9 18	8 7	14 45	24	_	=	_	8 750 6 558	9 406 8 812	71
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	110 99	18 24	54 30	28 6	-4	24	10 11	_	_	_	8 786 9 625	9 245 11 750	24 39
Median rooms	4.4	3.7	4.3	4.7	4.7	5.0	5.5	5.7	5.4	5.8	, 023	11 730	4.3
Specified renter-occupied housing units	6 626	1 915	1 961	771	470	955	296	198	45	15	8 328	9 996	1 662
CONTRACT RENT	0 020	1 /13	, ,,,	,,,	470	755	270	,,,	~~	.,	0 320	, ,,,	
Less than \$100	1 464	728	404	63	85	118	46	17	.3	-	5 040	7 333	542
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 963 2 056	622 392	688 591	255 277	98 226	188 412	44 76	49 70	10	9	7 130 10 406	8 767 11 152	598 408
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	559 179	87 34	160	99 8	35 21	90	81 18	9	7 5	_	10 821 15 304	12 079 14 455	67 21
\$300 to \$349	62	6	22 5	5		62 26	6	14	-	_	16 875	17 751	6
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	11 10	_	10	_	_	_	5 -	6	_	=	30 064 6 250	27 726 6 935	
\$500 or more No cash rent	11 311	5 41	81	64	5	- 59	6 14	33	14	=	20 208 11 309	9 477 14 268	5 15
Median	\$143	\$112	\$141	\$155	\$156	\$159	\$169	\$163	\$154	\$147	11 307	14 200	\$120
GROSS RENT													
Less than \$100	784	544	141	38	23	33	_	5	-	_	4 170	5 344	357
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 131 1 807	487 397	416 615	103 230	13 198	72 267	34 60	6 34	- 6	_	5 674 9 074	6 776 9 923	386 348
\$200 to \$249	1 205	242	363	187	114	197	41	34 44 35 25	13	4	9 967	11 052	247
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	718 414	95 77	209 90	51 54	52 26	213 83 19	45 54	35 25	12	6 5	12 692 11 852	13 439 13 395	140 95 28 15
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	153 81	13 8	29 17	44	17 22	19 12	26 11	5 11	_	_	11 960 14 261	13 560 14 927	28
\$500 or more	22	11	_	_	_	_	11	_	_	_	11 250	9 783	11
No cash rent Median	311 \$185	41 \$141	81 \$178	64 \$198	\$200	59 \$216	14 \$255	33 \$242	14 \$224	\$290	11 309	14 268	15 \$162
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	•	•	• • • •	•	,	•	,	•	,	,			
Less than 15 percent	935	_	.58	74	78	371	163	145	31	15	18 057	19 829	7
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	1 064 979	37 151	166 385	182 213	227 81	354 124	163 78 25 10	20	-	-	14 119 9 472	14 018 9 786	59 72 126 118 274
25 to 29 percent	757	182	351	133	40 17	41	ĩŏ	-	-	-	8 039	8 204	126
30 to 34 percent	392 976	128 344	204 536	31 74	17 22	6 -	6		_	_	6 650 5 921	7 057 6 105	274
50 percent or more Not computed	1 134 389	954 119	180 81	64	5	_ 59	14	33	. 14	-	3 374 9 471	3 392 11 347	913
Median	25.9	50 +	29.7	22.3	18.4	16.1	13.9	10.7	10-	10-			50 [~]

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Data are estimated	otes based on o	somple, see Intro	oduction. For m	eaning of symbo	ls, see Introducti	ion. For definition	ons of terms, see	appendixes A	and B]	
Altoona city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	5 209	640	1 192	1 295	794	547	446	158	98	39	280
PERSONS IN UNIT											3/4
1 person2 persons	306 1 101	57 129	72	56	68 133 207	18 101	35	-	- 8	25	271
3 persons	1 155	130	283 256	255	207	170	90 85 102	32 17	26	19	273 288
4 persons5 persons	1 314 895	174 90	264 199	300 255 354 239	200 125	143 62 41	97 I	49 54	28 29	_	281 283
6 persons 7 persons	251 119	21 23	61 47	74	20 31	41 12	23	6	-	5	279 239
8 or mare persons Median	68 3.53	23 16 3.52	10 3.44	11 3.60	10 3.45	3.41	14 3.63	4.11	7 4.04	2.28	286
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	0.50	0.52	0.11	0.00	0.43	0.4.	0.00	7.11	4.04	2.20	
Married-couple families	4 358	477	965	1 148	639	476	374	142	98	39	282
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	201 1 543	7 139	31 325	91 385	24 228	33 214	15 153	_ 51	39	- 9	284 290
35 to 44 years	1 166 1 315	118 199	292 287	287 351	157 213	133 71	80 121	61 30	28 31	10 12	280 274
45 to 64 years65 years and over	133	14	30	34	17	25	5	-	31	12	283
Male householder, no wife present	277 31	24	58 13	39	70 	24 12	46 6	16	=	- -	313 360
25 to 34 years	98 87	6 12	13	21 13	35 23	12	11	- 6	_	-	313 287
45 to 64 years65 years and over	30 31	- 6	22 10	5	5 7	<u>-</u> 1	- 18	10	_	-	300 411
Female householder, no husband present	574 6	139	169	108	85	47	26	-	-	-	244 275
15 to 24 years	121	20	43	32	13 18	=	13	=	=	-	247
35 to 44 years	126 223	13 64	40 60	22 37	41	27 14	6 7	-	_	_	273 240
65 years and over	98 39.4	42 45.3	26 39.6	11 37.9	13 40.6	6 35.2	38.3	40.2	38.8	60.2	213
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to March 1980	583	4	47	124	87	176	76	39	21	9	358 292
1975 to 1978	1 685 1 175	116 188	324 323	483 290	282 177	166 112	184 62	71 11	42 7	17 5	292 263
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 219 547	227 105	362 136	277 121	160	51 42	62 82 42	32	28	- 8	254 263
ROOMS	34/	103	,50	'-'	•	72	74				203
1 to 3 rooms	7	_	_	_	7	_	_	_	_	_	325
4 rooms5 rooms	184 482	6 78	64 89	48 128	39 89	14 33	5 41	- 10	- 6	8 8	273 279
6 rooms	2 104	331	546 269	546	283	209	126	46	17		266
7 rooms	1 300 1 132	139 86	224	318 255	235 141	126 165	142 132	44 58	18 57 7.9	9 14	288 300
Median	6.4	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.6	6.9	7.0	7.9	6.9	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	242	_	8	18	31	33	86	28	20	18	432
1970 to 1974	170	5	15 58	33	23 98	40	29	12	5	, iš	361
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	456 324	16	44	110 64	66	47 49	52 72	46 5	35	8	326 329
1940 to 1949	507 3 510	51 558	134 933	120 950	59 517	101 277	24 183	9 58	9 29	5	279 264
VALUE											
Less than \$10,000	279	80	115	57	22	<u>-</u>	,5	-	-	-	226
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	1 201 1 497	207 243	377 365	346 463	189 220	67 113	15 79	7	7		252 265
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	931 606	93	231 82	215 133	145 120	161 98	81 96	5 56	13	- 8	283 337
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	328 297	12	22	50 31	50 48	54 47	63 85	26 48	43 24	8 9	378 419
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	33 32	-	-	-	~~	7	16	6	-6	5 9	508 530
\$150,000 or more	5					- 1	6	- 1	5	-	675
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	\$26 500	\$21 000	\$22 300	\$24 000	\$27 900	\$36 000	\$43 900	\$53 700	\$57 700	\$64 400	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent	1 764 1 438	432	522 305 145	429	217	82	40 115	16	21 4	5	243 287
15 to 19 percent	790	432 78 57	145	460 163	280 122 38 50 87	154 156	110	42 31	6	, <u> </u>	312
25 to 29 percent	351 263 591	26 12 35	70 64	68 41	38 50	31 36	67 35 79	27	14 21	10 4	315 314
Not computed	591 12	35	86	134	87	76 12	79	42	32	20	323 375
Median	17.9	12.7	16.2	17.4	18.2	21.0	23.1	23.4	31.0	35.3	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Steam or hot water system	5 202 1 670	640 117	1 192 335 819	1 288 485	794 260	547 165	446 175	158 77	98 47	39 9	280 289
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	3 295 99	518	819 11	752	520	354 18	211 39	68 8	36 15	17 8	271 443
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	21 117	- 5	6 21	- 51	8	10	7	5	=	5	328
Air conditioning	1 391	69	292	288	286 60	115	180 72	80 32	58	23	308 430
Central system 1 or more individual room units	246 1 145	65	286	21 267	226	12 103	108	48	29 29 98	13	291 l
Hause heating fuel	5 202 4 895	640 629	1 192 1 138	1 288 1 208	794 769	547 514	446 392	1 58 140	9 8 79	39 26	280 278
Bottled, tank, or LP gasElectricity	120		11	- 6	- 6	18	39	13	19	- 8	440
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	69 118	11	io 33	34 40	4 15	6	15	5		5	286 269
Unici addadadadadadadadadadadadadadadadadada	118	!! }	33	40	15		-	3		5	209

Table B -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Dato ore estimate	s based on a sam	ple, see Introducti	on. For meaning	of symbols, see I	ntroduction. For a	definitions of term	s, see oppendixes	A and B]	
Altoona city	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 ar mare	Median (dallars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	7 797	5	153	976	2 519	1 951	1 547	480	166	128
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	2 004	5	67	369	775	418	256	90	24	118
2 persons	3 067	-	62 17	428	1 008	764	256 604 350 197	134 113 75 59	67	126 137 138 143 142 142 175
3 persons4 persons	1 330 814		1/7	120 45	340 238	378	350	113	12	13/
5 persons	404	_		14	114	229 101	97	59	23 19	143
6 persons	98	-	- 1	-	30	28 33	15	4	21	142
7 persons	74	-	-	-	14	33	22	5	_	142
8 or more persons	2.12	1.00	1.65	1.78	1.98	2.23	2.36	2.64	2.38	1/3
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	4 647	-	71	452	1 347	1 284	1 070	310	113	134
15 to 24 years	. 6	-	-	-	-	, ,		. . .	6	250+
25 ta 34 years 35 to 44 years	154 408		7	25 37	50 127	31 117	31 81	17 16	23	127 132 139 127 121 138 121 131
45 ta 64 years	2 447	-	12	170	667	687	640	198	23 73	139
65 years and over	1 632	-	52	220	503	449	318	79	11	127
Male householder, no wife present	589	5	21	105	192	119	84	40	23	121
15 to 24 years	12			_	7	6	5			130
35 to 44 years	29	-	-	_	12	11	-	6 5	_	l iāi l
45 to 64 years	166	- - 1	,6	34	37	31	40	5	13	130 118
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	376 2 561	5	15 61	71 419	136 980	71 548	39 393	29 1 30	10 30	118
15 to 24 years	2 301 17		<u>"</u>	7.7	700	11	373	130	6	120 144
25 to 34 years	42	_	-	.7	10	-	25	-	_	l 158 l
35 to 44 years	67	-	-	11	20	23	134	5	,=	128
45 to 64 years65 years and over	836 1 599		61	120 281	329 621	187 327	124 236	63 62	13 11	128 123 118
Median age	63.6	67.5	71.4	67.5	65.0	62.6	60.6	58.5	55.8	'''
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	104	_	- 1	17	. 17	31	33	_	6	140
1975 to 1978	401	-	اءَ.	18	106	160	.54	46	17	137
1970 to 1974	656 1 642	5	19	62 156	212 499	144 421	148 342	162	27 52	131 134
1959 or earlier	4 994		129	723	1 685	1 195	970	228	64	124
			1							
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	95	5	, ,	19	19	12	6	21	13	134
4 rooms5 rooms	496 1 372		11	66 191	212 448	123 280	53 350	31 31	18	120 125 125 133 145
6 rooms	3 465	_	54 73	473	1 190	965	581	143	40	125
7 rooms	1 365	-	11	160	399	350	297	96	52	133
8 ar mare rooms	1 004 6.1	3.0	5.7	67 5.9	251 6.0	221 6.1	260 6.1	158 6.6	43 6.7	
Median	0.1	3.0	3.7	3.7	6.0	0.1	6.1	0.0	0.7	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	80	- [-	5	13	20	11	14	17	159
1970 ta 1974 1960 ta 1969	62 435	5	-	6.4	7 64	14 80	29 151	102	6 29	157 171
1950 to 1959	613		17	12	96	222	175	69	22	145
1940 to 1949	350	-	- !	18	120	76	108	12	16	137
1939 ar earlier	6 257	-	136	931	2 219	1 539	1 073	283	76	123
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000	887	5	26	231	278	175	128	31	13	116
\$10,000 ta \$19,999	2 482	[87 I	465	863	582	362	80	43	120 1
\$20,000 to \$29,999	2 068	-	29	189	847	530	384	7)	18	124
\$30,000 to \$39,999\$40,000 to \$49,999	1 113 634	[6 5	70 14	331 144	404 174	222 200	61 75	19 22	124 134 147
\$50,000 to \$59,999	307		<u> </u>	7	35	47	148	54	16	172
\$60,000 to \$79,999	230	-	_	<u>-</u>	21	31	88	54 78	12	186
\$80,000 to \$99,999	42	-	-	-	-	8	,4	17	13	226
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	29			_	_		11	13	5	213 250+
Median	\$21 800	\$10000—	\$14 500	\$15 900	\$21 000	\$23 600	\$26 400	\$39 700	\$33 500	2507
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS		·	-	•	•					
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	3 197	5	94	381	1 062	859	494	150	20	127
10 to 14 percent	1 584		86 31	187	469	463	634 315 189	76	43	
15 ta 19 percent	1 031		18 [174	342	463 189	189	86	33 10	131 124 130 127 133 134
20 ta 24 percent	512	- 1	7	42	190	86 122	138	86 39 31		130
25 ta 29 percent	477 186	-	-1	56	172	122	89 43	12	7 5	132
35 percent or more	734		11	42 56 24 93	55 199	174	133	13 76	48	134
Not computed	76	<u> </u>	-1		30	12	6	9	_	116
Median	12.1	10-	10	12.6	11.9	11.2	12.2	15.6	18.0	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS		_ ا						***		100
Steam or hot water system	7 797 2 336	5	1 53 26	976 191	2 519 686	1 951 611	1 547 547	480 193	166 82	1 28 136
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	5 200	5	116	749	1 765	1 283	952	252	78	125
Other built-in electric units	45		-	-	7	6	13 12	19	_	187
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	115	-	11	31	26	26	12	9	-	115
Other meansAir conditioning	101 1 738	-	12	5 141	35 515	25 446	23 425	7 128	6 71	135 136
Central system	326		'-	18	13	65	123	76	31	177
1 or more individual room units	1 412	-	12	123	502	381	302	52	40	130
House heating fuel	7 797	5	153	976	2 519	1 951	3 547	480 447	166 153	128 129
Utility gasBottled, tank, or LP gas	7 491 15	5	136	904	2 430	1 908	1 508	44/	133	158
Electricity	51		Ξ!		7	6	19	19	_	183
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	58	_ _	.7		14	6	4	14	13	175
Other	182	-	10	72	62	31	7	-	_	104

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Ov		Renter-occupied housing units								
Altoona city	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	14 403	362	247	966	1 900	10 928	6 753	276	830	393	1 194	4 060
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	9 774	308	225	793	1 372	7 076	2 276	61	200	143	482	1 390
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	228 1 795	14 135	53	7 62	73 309	134 1 236	418 786	22	11 25	40 16	163 209	204 514
35 to 44 years	1 663 4 113	36 104	103 62	160 446	205 566	1 159 2 935	299 407	1 <u>2</u> 5	11 58	46	57 41	173 281
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	1 975 1 040	19 26	7	118 71	219 138	1 612 797	366 1 33 1	22 53	95 116	22 19 65	12 240	218 857
15 to 24 years	47 152	- 6	Ξ	12	12 41	35 93	264 277	15	7	19 7	90 75	148 174
35 to 44 years	116 232	8	-	11 18	24 22 39	75 184	170 335	- -	14 28	4 15	22 41	130 251
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	493 3 589	28 6	14 14	30 102	39 3 90 17	410 3 055	285 3 146	38 1 62	514	20 185	12 472	154 1 813
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	23 183 215	5	7	=	20 40	158 162	310 592 301	6 29 6	6 31 25	14 55 4	135 151 71	149 326 195
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	1 213 1 955	11	7	44 58	140 173	1 018 1 717	711 1 232	14 107	86 366	39 73	51 64	521 622
Median age	55.4	38.1	41.7	54.0	52.0	57.1	44.3	67.1	69.7	42.2	28.7	45.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	764	90	18	23	206	427	2 368	146	140	123	610	1 349
1975 to 1978	2 261 2 022	272	50 179	154 156	412 269	1 373 1 418	2 102 1 272	130	341 349	87 122	376 116	1 168 685
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 107 6 249	=	-	633	287 726	2 187 5 523	613 398	=	Ξ	61 -	80 12	472 386
ROOMS 1 room	12		_		_	12	317	_	172	24	19	102
2 rooms3 rooms	38 145	_	_	6 11	6 27	26 107	314 1 296	9 151	129 219	24 45	37 151	115 730
4 rooms5 rooms	913 2 091	42 59	24 37	135 183	184 370	528 1 442	1 553 1 440	65 23	122 134	127 75	295 332	944 876
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	5 968 5 236	104 157	90 96	299 332	679 634	4 796 4 017	1 198 635	21 7	45 9	76 22	218 142	838 455
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.0	6.0	6.2	4.4	3.4	3.0	4.3	4.8	4.7
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	14 363 10 116	362 223	247 147	966 678	1 900 1 279	10 888 7 789	6 553 4 217	276 221	830 495	393 236	1 169 662	3 885 2 603
0.51 to 1.00	4 100 115	131	95 5	271 17	621	2 982 93	2 195 119	50 5	330	139 18	479 28	1 197 68
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	32 40	8 -	-	=	=	24 40	22 200	=	5	-	25	17 175
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	33 7	_	_	_	=	33 7	81 119	_	=	-	6 19	75 100
1.01 to 1.50 1.5) or more	-	-	-	-	=	-	=	_	=	_	-	=
PERSONS IN UNIT) person	2 728	23	15	93	344	2 253	2 820	152	525	150	281	1 712
2 persons3 persons	4 650 2 721	116 91	54 79	379 181	604 368	3 497 2 002	1 751 944	79 29	215 36	91 36	355 330	1 011
4 persons5 persons	2 259 1 344	56 44	64 18	156 111	365 142	1 618 1 029	628 345	4 7	39 9	47 44	119 53	419 232
6 or more persons	701 2.46	32 2.96	17 3.19	46 2.56	77 2.51	529 2.42	265 1.82	5 1.41	6 1.29	25 2.01	56 2.39	173 1.81
Total persons	40 677	1 269	858	2 927	5 471	30 152	15 179	494	1 249	942	3 054	9 440
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	13 656	344	247	951	1 829	10 285	2 287	84	95	87	465 354	1 556
3 and 4	466 124	-	-	5 -	32 20	429 104	1 658 1 038	13 9	10 44	46 88	203	1 235 694
5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	90 41	12	=	4 6	10 9	64 26	601 465	33 13	36 173	67 69	108 42	357 168
Mobile home or trailer, etc.	19 7	<u>6</u>	Ξ	=	=	13 7	70 <u>4</u>	124	472	36	22 _	50
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	14 396	362	247	966	1 900	10 921	6 753	276	830	393	1 194	4 060
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	4 490 9 347	93 177	73 142	253 646	387 1 447	3 684 6 935	2 700 3 494	51 170	155 5 <u>79</u>	145 202	410 702	1 939 1 841
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	159 147	72 	15	47	21 10	137	183 104	33 16	77 .5	35 . .	7 19	31 64
Other means Air conditions	253 3 463	20 111	17 90	20 396 249	35 649 159	161 2 217 97	272 1 255	6 233 193	14 385 182	11 95 45	56 130	185 412
Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	620 2 843 1 4 396	60 51 362	55 35 247	147 966	490 1 900	2 120 10 921	457 798 6 753	40 276	203 830	50 393	125 1 194	32 380 4 060
Utility gasBottled, tank, or LP gas	13 684 15	260	210	890	1 846	10 478	6 180 67	205	691	334 5	i 115 12	3 835
ElectricityFuel oil, kerosene, etc	190 173	80 8	20_	59 4	27 5	156	297 110	71 -	133 6	43	19 35	31 63
Other Income in 1979 below poverty level	334 976	14	17 7	13 44	22 86	268 839	99 1 702	50	219	77	13 297	81 1 059
Percent below poverty level HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	6.8	-	2.8	4.6	4.5	7.7	25.2	18.1	26.4	19.6	24.9	26.1
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	1 450 2 385	11	7 27	49 48	136 270	1 258 2 029	1 939 2 014	114 83	356 252	68 158	250 353	1 151 1 168
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	1 317 1 215	17 40	5 5	52 59	205 176	1 038 935	789 484	12 14	80 32	35 31	140 111	522 296
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	2 493 2 131	65 100	34 75 77	133 129	333 248	1 928 1 579	969 300	26 11	50 44	61 16	252 64	580 165
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	2 377 762	78 45	12	326 103	314 148	1 582 454	198 45	9	7 9	19 5	24 -	139 24
\$50,000 or more	273 \$16 736	\$22 400	\$22 831 \$22 444	67 \$25 319	70 \$17 875	125 \$15 532	15 \$8 322	\$5 968	\$5 873	\$8 883	\$9 892	15 \$8 686
Mean	\$18 306	\$25 822	\$22 444	\$26 595	\$20 462	\$16 856	\$9 980	\$8 986	\$8 106	\$11 045	\$10 659	\$10 128

Table B=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Owner-occupied h	ausing units		Renter-occupied hausing units								
Altoona city	Tatal	l unit, detached ar attached	2 ar mare units	Mobile home ar trailer, etc.	Tatal	l unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 ta 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 ar mare units	Mobile hame ar trailer, etc.	
Occupied housing units	14 403	13 656	740	7	6 753	2 287	1 658	1 038	601	465	704	-	
Candaminium hausing units HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	9 774 228	9 456 207	318 21	- -	5 2 276 418	1 118 172	565 131	230 60	- 161 43	105 7	- 97 5	-	
25 to 34 years	1 795 1 663	1 749 1 631	46 32	-	786 299	410 179	212 76	89 34	46 10	24	5	_	
45 to 64 years65 years and over	4 113 1 975	3 982 1 887	131 88	_	407 366	241 116	84 62	38 9	11 51	20 54	13 74	=	
Male householder, no wife present 15 ta 24 years 25 ta 34 years	1 040 47 152	937 37 120	103 10 32	=	1 331 264 277	3 73 38 110	297 101 64	273 47 63	144 35 28	117 35 12	127 8	=	
35 ta 44 years	116 232	116 212	20	_	170 335	39 110	18 79	54 77	33 24	18 32	8 13	-	
65 years and aver Female householder, no husband present	493 3 589	452 3 263	41 319	7	285 3 146	76 796	35 796	32 535 114	24 296	20 243	98 480	-	
15 to 24 years	23 183	23 171	12	=	310 592	73 195	90 200	94	27 47	6 46	10	=	
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and aver	215 1 213 1 955	193 1 103 1 773	22 110 175	- 7	301 711 1 232	121 202 205	76 149 281	64 133 130	18 90 114	16 84 91	53 411	-	
Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	55.4	55.1	62.0	72.5	44.3	38.4	36.7	37.7	51.1	58.0	74.6	-	
1979 ta March 1980 1975 ta 1978	764 2 261	719 2 149	45 112	_	2 368 2 102	779 705	641 515	449 249	204 1 79	141 164	154 290	_	
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	2 022 3 107	1 929 2 987	93 120	 7	1 272 613	374 225	236 172	208 87	109 84	91 39	254 6	=	
1959 ar earlier	6 249 12	5 872	370	/	398 317	204	94	45	25	30 62	187	-	
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	38 145	12 32 78	6 67	-	314 1 296	12 128	6 26 410	26 86 257	36 19 117	43 111	128 273	=	
4 rooms5 rooms	913 2 091	706 1 970	200 121	7	1 553 1 440	244 503	484 485	370 211	230 132	147 86	78 23	_	
6 rooms 7 or mare rooms	5 968 5 236	5 791 5 067	177 169		1 198 635	891 509	163 84	75 13	54 13	7	8 7	=	
Median PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.2	6.2	5.3	4.0	4.4	5.8	4.3	3.9	4.1	3.6	2.6	-	
0.50 or less	14 363 10 116 4 100	13 644 9 520 3 977	712 589 123	7 7	6 553 4 217 2 195	2 287 1 371 817	1 609 1 076 508	977 673 304	547 353 182	429 320 109	704 424 275	=	
1.01 to 1.50	115	115 32	-	_	119 22	82 17	25	-	12	-	5	-	
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 ar less	40 33	12	28 21	_	200 81	-	49 13	61 35	54 26	36 7	Ξ	-	
0.51 ta 1.00 1.01 ta 1.50	7	_	7 -	-	119	-	36	26 -	28 -	29 -	=	-	
1.51 or mare BEDROOMS Nane	12	12	_	_	379	22	- 14	33	36	67	207	_	
2	469 2 904	227 2 727	242 170	7	2 237 2 261	182 668	745 674	523 374	209 297	181 175	397 73	-	
3 4	8 264 2 407	8 039 2 355	225 52	-	1 452 3 <u>5</u> 4	1 082 295	177 25	89 19	44 15	33	27	-	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	347 1 450	296	51	-	70 1 939	38	23 458	-	198	9	349	-	
Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$9,999\$10,000 to \$12,499	2 385 1 317	1 304 2 227 1 256	139 158 61	7	2 014 789	403 622 313	521 207	367 292 138	188 55	164 124 35	267 41	=	
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 ta \$19,999	1 215 2 493	1 117 2 382	98 111	-	484 969	173 439	151 220	56 143	59 88	34 54	11 25	-	
\$20,000 ta \$24,999 \$25,000 ta \$34,999	2 131 2 377	2 084 2 287	47 90	_	300 198	178 121	49 37	27 15	13	27 20	6 5	-	
\$35,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 ar more Median	762 273 \$16 736	736 263 \$16 995	26 10 \$12 806	\$3 750	45 15 \$8 322	29 9 \$10 946	9 6 \$8 248	57 222	\$7 464	7 - \$7 648	\$5 040	-	
Mean	\$18 306	\$18 520	\$14 508	\$2 745	\$9 980	\$12 480	\$9 576	\$8 601	\$8 534	\$9 974	\$6 079	-	
Heating equipment Steam or hat water system	14 396 4 490	13 649 4 215	740 275	7	6 753 2 700	2 287 620	1 658 654	1 038 658	601 386	465 174	704 208	-	
Central warm-air furnace ar electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	9 347 159	8 927 153	413	7	3 494 183	1 415 51	654 905 19	327 13	164 25	223 51	460 24	=	
Floor, wall, ar pipeless furnace	147 253 3 463	136 218 3 305	11 35 158	=	104 272 1 255	73 128 402	13 67 114	7 33 98	6 20 60	17 174	5 7 407	=	
Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available	620 12 829	602 12 243	18 586	=	457 4 329	119 1 775	8 1 071	16 602	16 327	38 316	260 238	=	
1 2 ar mare	6 068 6 761	5 712 6 531	356 230	_	3 191 1 138	1 175 600	772 299	471 131	292 35	256 60	225 13	-	
House heating fuel Utility gas	14 396 13 684	13 649 12 989	740 688	7	6 753 6 180	2 287 2 144	1 658 1 573	960	601 527	465 396	704 580	=	
Battled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity	15 190 173	15 184 141	6	-	67 297 110	22 51 17	11 24 27	21 28 12	8 25 41	5 51 7	118	=	
Fuel ail, kerasene, etc Other Water heating fuel	334 14 397	320 13 650	32 14 740	- 7	99 6 736	53 2 287	23 1 658	17 1 035	601	451	704	_	
Utility gas Battled, tank, ar LP gas	13 859 64	13 143 59	709 5	7	6 216 93	2 163 27	1 583 28	949 14	546 11	367 13	608	_	
Fuel ail, kerosene, etc.	452 13	431 8	21 5	-	380 28	91 6	47 -	59	36 8	65	82 14	_	
Other Family householder With awn children under 18 years	11 565 5 014	9 11 129 4 873	436 141	=	19 3 555 2 104	1 702 1 164	854 500	13 405 240	281 145	1 59 33	1 54 22	-	
With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present	1 683 1 460	4 8/3 1 633 1 357	50 103	-	1 118 1 081	630 486	267 247	240 111 156	88 94	13 54	44	=	
With awn children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	404 119	389 112	15 7	-	744 225	355 111	193 62	106 20	59 19	21 9	10 4	_	
Nonfamily householder Income in 1979 below poverty level	2 838 976	2 527 882	304 87	7	3 198 1 702	585 494	804 434	633 322	320 158	306 108	550 186	=	
Percent below paverty level	6.8	6.5	11.8	100.0	25.2	21.6	26.2	31.0	26.3	23.2	26.4		

Table B=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Data ore estimo	ies basea on a s	sample, see intro	ouchan. For me	aning of symbols,	see introduction	n. Par definition	is of terms, see	appendixes A	ina oj	
Altoona city	Tatal) person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nanrelatives present	14 403 329	2 728	4 650 97	2 721 82	2 259 48	1 344 52	417 15	1 99 13	85 22	2.46 3.32	40 677 1 234
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 5 rooms 7 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms 8 of more more	195 913 2 091 5 968 2 901 2 335 6.2	123 353 549 1 049 402 252 5.8	49 360 906 2 093 714 528 6.0	16 133 340 1 166 615 451 6.2	61 192 994 542 470 6.4	7 6 83 431 436 381 6.8	5 158 125 129 6.9	- 8 59 38 94 7.4	- 8 18 29 30 7.1	1.29 1.79 2.05 2.42 3.04 3.36	308 1 812 4 738 16 155 9 406 8 258
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.01 to 1.50	14 363 14 216 115 32 40 40	2 705 2 705 - - 23 23	4 644 4 644 - 6 6	2 717 2 710 7 4 4	2 252 2 252 - - 7 7	1 344 1 331 6 7 - -	417 412 5 - -	199 132 67 - - -	85 30 30 25 - -	2.46 2.45 7.09 8.5+ 1.37	40 586 39 649 713 224 91 91
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached ar attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	13 656 740 7	2 442 279 7	4 405 245 -	2 613 108 -	2 204 55 -	1 330 14 -	384 33	193 6 -	85 - -	2.50 1.87 1.00	38 794 1 876 7
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units 10,000 to \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$79,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	13 006 1 166 3 683 3 565 2 044 1 240 635 527 75 61 10 \$23 800	2 310 320 734 594 361 197 36 56 4 8 8	4 168 401 1 143 1 123 656 379 258 1 150 26 27 5	2 485 232 673 644 461 226 128 93 24 4 - \$24 000	2 128 101 574 691 269 272 95 108 6 12 - \$25 200	1 299 62 342 395 201 109 73 92 15 5	349 4 142 83 47 30 22 16 - 5 \$23 300	193 32 64 30 23 16 23 5 - - - \$20 100	74 14 11 5 26 11 - 7 7	2.51 2.16 2.47 2.60 2.51 2.69 2.68 3.12 2.81 2.33 3.50	36 898 2 443 10 694 9 787 5 775 3 931 2 060 1 750 215 200 43
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All Income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged. Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	14 403 \$16 736 14.9 17.9 12.1 976 \$3 180	2 728 \$6 532 24.0 24.9 23.8 390 \$3 073	4 650 \$14 659 13.8 18.8 11.9 235 \$2 784	2 721 \$20 640 12.2 17.2 10— 113 \$2 821	2 259 \$21 440 14.0 17.7 10— 99 \$3 107	1 344 \$21 739 14.8 17.4 10— 103 \$4 826	\$23 229 13.7 14.8 10.2 14 \$5 625	\$23 631 11.3 12.8 10— 6 \$8 750	85 \$16 417 19.8 20.6 17.5 16 \$11 818	2.46 1.92	40 677
household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	50+ 50+ 47.4	49.1 50+ 48.4	49.2 50+ 44.3	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 41.0	44.2 50+ 29.3	50+ 50+	32.5 32.5 -	22.0 27.0 17.5		:::
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present 1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms	6 753 572 317 314 1 296 1 553 1 440 1 198 635 4.4	2 820 - 312 253 867 752 412 162 62 3.5	1 751 293 5 56 350 532 462 259 87 4.4	944 112 - 5 60 167 322 228 162 5.2	628 75 - 7 77 156 243 145 5.8	345 53 - - 20 48 193 84 6.0	154 25 - 7 5 34 86 22 5.9	49 6 - 5 - 6 9 29 6.7	62 8 - - - - 18 44 7.1	1.01 1.12 1.25 1.55 2.17 3.28 3.54	15 179 1 750 348 367 1 869 2 741 3 367 4 189 2 298
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	6 553 6 412 119 22 209 200	2 680 2 680 - - 140 140 - -	1 706 1 701 5 45 45	934 929 5 - 10 10 -	628 621 7 - - -	340 320 20 	154 108 39 7 - -	49 29 15 5 - -	62 24 33 5 - - -	1.85 1.81 6.21 6.36 1.21 1.21	14 880 14 007 718 155 299 299 -
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	2 287 1 658 1 038 601 465 704	470 706 549 271 282 542	537 496 251 175 148 144	491 210 116 89 27 11	346 163 86 25 8 -	225 51 30 32 - 7	113 26 6 9 - -	49 - - - - - -	56 6 - - - -	2.78 1.75 1.45 1.67 1.32 1.15	7 002 3 478 1 883 1 196 722 898
Less than \$100	6 626 784 1 131 1 807 1 205 718 414 153 81 22 311 \$185	2 795 611 721 744 371 128 75 13 8 12 112 \$151	1 726 100 209 607 368 225 68 28 35 5 81 \$192	917 19 85 264 233 140 76 43 - - 57 \$213	596 17 66 119 134 107 87 22 18 - 26 \$230	345 32 28 28 80 68 50 17 13 - 29 \$245	141 5 11 42 10 17 38 13 - 5 - \$254	44 11 3 9 12 9 - - - - \$245	62 - - - 21 11 17 7 - 6 \$332	1.80 1.14 1.28 1.76 2.13 2.54 3.34 3.33 2.43 1.42 2.04	14 726 1 136 2 027 3 587 2 924 2 035 1 466 521 285 57 688
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income Median gross rent as percentage of household income	6 753 \$8 322 25.9 1 702 \$3 546 50+	2 820 \$5 399 29.2 774 \$3 049 50+	1 751 \$10 419 22.8 293 \$3 354 50+	944 \$10 784 25.5 220 \$3 516 50+	\$12 823 22.2 162 \$3 936 50+	345 \$9 294 28.3 161 \$6 166 43.6	154 \$11 486 25.2 55 \$6 853 32.8	\$16 250 16.5 10 \$7 500 17.5	\$15 455 24.4 27 \$7 750 39.8	1.82 1.76 	15 179

Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: B — 10. Table

Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Table B-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

				Male hous	eholder					Female hou	seholder		
Altoona city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Tatal	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	2 728	669	32	102	49	141	345	2 059	-	42	39	652	1 326
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	2 705 23	669	32	102	49 	141	345 -	2 036 23	Ξ	37 5	39	652 -	1 308 18
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	2 442 279 7	595 74 -	32 	74 28 -	49 - -	126 15 -	314 31 -	1 847 205 7	=	37 5 -	29 10 -	594 58 -	1 187 132 7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	935 1 075 261	132 215 85	- - 8	15 22	<u>-</u>	17 39 26	115 155 29	803 860 176	=	6 11 12	16 17	161 298 79	636 535 68
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	130 160 82 51	37 84 72 33 11	12 6 -	20 33 12	6 11 19 7	17 30 5 7	11 5 21	93 76 10 18 18	=	13	- - - 7	62 30 5 7	31 33 5 11
\$50,000 or more Median Mean	29 5 \$6 532 \$8 465	\$9 740 \$12 136	\$15 833 \$15 799	\$14 250 \$14 538	\$20 197 \$19 924	\$11 394 \$14 561	\$6 867 \$8 989	\$5 936 \$7 272	=	\$10 833 \$11 334	\$10 515 \$14 139	\$7 723 \$8 827	55 153 \$6 176
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS												,	
Specified owner-occupied housing units With a marigage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	2 310 306 57 72	532 136 12 21	32 26 - 8	64 64 6 8	49 24 6	110 15 - 5	277 7 - -	1 778 170 45 51	=	33 33 14 8	29 19 6 7	579 75 18 25	1 137 43 7 11
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	56 68 18 35	32 42 12 17	12	21 18 - 11	12 - -	5 5 -	7	24 26 6 18	=	5	- - 6	12 13 - 7	13 6 -
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	\$271 2 004	\$304 396	\$371 6	\$293	\$300 25	\$275 95	\$325 270	\$239 1 608	=	\$216	\$225 10	\$239 504	\$279 1 094
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	5 67 369 775	5 21 79 110	=	= = =	- - 12	6 15 13	5 15 64 85	46 290 665	=	- - -	5	90 229	- 46 195 436
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	418 256 90 24	86 55 27 13	6 -	=======================================	7 6	24 24 - 13	49 31 21	332 201 63 11	=	- - -	5 -	92 54 39	235 147 24 11
Median	\$118	\$121	\$138	_	\$127	\$139	\$115	\$118	-		\$112	\$118	\$118
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	24.0 24.9 23.8 390 14.3	19.7 26.0 17.6 30 4.5	23.6 24.6 10—	28.2 28.2 - -	16.1 17.3 10—	14.4 18.8 13.0 6 4.3	19.8 50+ 19.5 24 7.0	25.1 24.1 25.3 360 17.5	-	30.5 30.5 6 14.3	19.5 21.3 17.5 -	19.7 24.1 19.0 109 16.7	27.7 33.8 27.6 245 18.5
Renter-occupied housing units	2 820	914	167	161	140	204	242	1 906	117	203	81	424	1 081
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	2 680 140	828 86	155 12	161	114 26	176 28	222 20	1 852 54	105 12	203	75 6	408 16	1 061 20
1, detached or attached	470 706 549 271	184 213 225 77	20 67 38 7	46 50 45 8	18 18 45 33	52 52 65 5	48 26 32 24	286 493 324 194	18 39 53 7	23 98 46 12	11 25 29 6	77 71 96 72	157 260 100 97
10 to 49	282 542 -	109 106 -	35	12 - -	18 8 -	24 6 -	20 92 -	173 436 —	Ξ	18 6 -	10 - -	69 39 -	76 391 -
less than \$5,000	1 328 852 286 126	342 274 98 45	78 70 7 5	24 29 51 7	28 27 12 26	81 49 28 7	131 99 - -	986 578 188 81	40 64 13	6 79 59 40	34 22 8 6	203 112 52 20	703 301 56 15
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	169 39 14	109 26 14 -	7 - - -	43 7 -	28 4 9 -	24 15 - -	7 - 5 -	60 13 - -	=	13 6 - -	11 - - -	30 7 - -	6 - - -
\$50,000 or more	\$5 399 \$6 947	\$6 997 \$8 648	\$5 344 \$5 684	\$11 348 \$11 575	\$12 788 \$14 250	\$7 386 \$8 564	\$4 742 \$5 578	\$4 900 \$6 130	\$6 005 \$5 733	\$10 699 \$10 714	\$7 721 \$7 774	\$5 341 \$6 732	\$4 371 \$4 954
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	2 795 611 721	895 171 234	167 15 23	161 7	140 37 36	1 92 48 90	235 71 78	1 900 440 487	117	203 6 23	81 6 8	418 49 131	1 081 379 284
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	744 371 128 75	215 139 54 32	23 72 33 16	71 60 8 8	24 7 24 4	13 14 - 10	35 25 6 10	529 232 74 43	76 - - -	23 77 77 14	30 20 7 4	109 64 19 7	237 71 34 32
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent	13 8 12 112	13 8 - 29	8 -	7 -	- 8	6 - 11	- - 10	12 83		6	6	- - 39	- - 44
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	\$151 29.2	\$157 24.6	\$181 38.7	\$201 22.3	\$136 15.3	\$129 22.6	\$121 36.3	\$148 30. 5	\$179 32.8	\$197 21.9	\$198 29.5	\$153 35.9	\$127 32.4
Percent below poverty level	774 27.4	237 25.9	71 42.5	16 9.9	21 15.0	57 27.9	72 29.8	537 28.2	33 28.2	=	34 42.0	1 62 38.2	308 28.5

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Dave et estimate		o outp.o, ooo	minodociion.	ror meaning or symbols, see introduction. For definitions of	101110, 000 0		-,	
Altoona city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Altoona city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	215	22	51	142	Vocant for rent housing units	441	104	155	182
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	8 38 22 97 32 18 5.9	- 6 9 7 - - 5.1	- 13 20 14 4 6.1	8 32 - 70 18 14 5.9	1 roam	9 31 128 114 84 69 6 4.0	14 21 8 12 43 6 5.3	4 12 35 75 23 6	5 5 72 31 49 20 -
PLUMBING FACILITIES				i	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	188 27	22 -	51 -	115 27	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	415 26	97 7	147 8	171
BEDROOMS					BEDROOMS				
None	35 42 107 31 -	- 15 7 - -	12 21 18	35 15 79 13	None	9 208 113 105	35 19 44	4 92 35 24	5 81 59 37
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	-		-	-
1975 to March 1980	5 4 15 28 163	 - - - 22	5 -4 - 42	- - 15 28 99	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	27 15 4 17 7 371	14 - 7 7 7 76	15 4 - 136	13 - 10 -
1, detoched or attached	150	16	46	88 54	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more	65 -	-	5 -	-	1, detached or ottached 2 3 and 4	125 115 115	49 18 15	15 45 44	61 52 56
Central heating system	208	22	51	135	5 to 9	46 36	22	16 31	8 5
Other meansNone		=	-	<u>'</u>	50 or more	4	_	4	=
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000	1 50 15	16	46 4	88 11	Specified vacant for rent housing units	436	104	155	177
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	94 36	16	25 12	53	Less than \$100	91 134	25 7	36 61	177 30 66 58
\$30,000 to \$39,999	5	-	5	-	\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	149	44	47	58
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 ta \$59,999	-	-	<u>-</u>	_	\$250 to \$299	33	8	7	18
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	_		=	_	\$300 to \$399 \$400 or more	6 4	-	4	-
\$100,000 or more	\$15 400	\$12 500	\$15 400	\$16 000	Medion	\$148	\$162	\$141	\$140

Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	20.0 0,0 001111		5 53111610,					I COUCHOIL TO						
		Price osked	—Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	sing units			Rent aske	d—Specified	vocont for	rent housing	units	
Altoona city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollors)
Total	150	15	130	5	-	-	15 400	436	91	283	52	6	4	148
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	150	15 -	130	5 -	Ξ	Ξ	15 400	410 26	91 -	257 26	52 -	6 -	4 -	148 140
BEDROOMS														Ī
None	- 29 90 31	- 4 11 -	25 74 31	- - 5 -	- - - -	- - - -	15 500 16 000 13 700	9 208 113 100 6	37 25 29 -	5 145 72 61 -	26 16 10 -	- - - 6 -	4 - - - -	119 145 151 149 325
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	 4 15 7 124	- - - - 15	- - 4 15 7 104	- - - - 5	-	-	28 800 16 300 12 500 15 100	22 15 4 17 7 371	- - - - - 91	15 - 7 7 254	22 - 10 - 20	- - - - - 6	4 -	258 185 500+ 254 175 139
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attoched 2 or more Mobile hame or troiler	150	15 	130	 	:::	:::	15 400	120 316 -	29 62 -	75 208 -	10 42 	6 - -	4	143 152 -

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties, The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

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Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	Census Income Data	B-8
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Census Data on House-		Tovorty Otatas III 1075	5-0
holders of Spanish Origin		OFNEDAL	
and Householders of	۰.	GENERAL	
Spanish Heritage	B-5	Ti 4000	
UTILIZATION		The 1980 census was conducted p	
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determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age.

Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B. Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent-of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/
Hispanic origin or descent of householder
were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of
the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 guestion.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see guestion H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning-"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available—Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home: and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property: utilities (electricity, gas, and water): and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see guestions H30, H31, and H32 in appen-

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

Size of Family Unit	Weighted	Weighted Related children under 18 years												
Size of ramily unit	thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more				
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686						•••	•••	• • •				
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••					
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••					
2 persons	4,723	4,723		• • •										
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • • •				
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	• • •	• • • •	•••	• • •	•••					
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844		•••								
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7 ,3 82		• • •	• • •	• • • •	• • • •				
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • • •				
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512	• • •	• • •	• • • •				
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		• • • • •				
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	••••				
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024				



Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Perso Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the Two sampling rates were emperson. ployed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se_x and Se_y of estimates x and v:

Se
$$(x+y)$$
 = Se $(x-y) = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions. and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard **Errors**

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B. Detailed Housing Characteristics report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The catio ratio in t sam For teris the hou poss fam base fam hold unit weig all weig hou characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of

five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons. the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type The second stage used two groups. groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I—Type of Household

Group Persons in Housing Units With a

Persons in group quarters

Under 18

Family With Own Children

I IMA I ION I NOCEDONE		Criaci 10
	1	2 persons in housing unit
e estimates which appear in this publi-	2	3 persons in housing unit
ion were obtained from an iterative	3	4 persons in housing unit
io estimation procedure which resulted	4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
the assignment of a weight to each	5	8 or more persons in housing
apple person or housing unit record.		unit
r any given tabulation area, a charac- istic total was estimated by summing weights assigned to the persons or using units in the tabulation area which esessed the characteristic. Estimates of nily or household characteristics were ed on the weights assigned to the	6-10	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit
nily members designated as house- ders. Each sample person or housing t record was assigned exactly one		Persons in All Other Housing Units
ight to be used to produce estimates of	11	1 person in housing unit
characteristics. For example, if the	12-16	2 persons in housing unit
ight given to a sample person or		through 8 or more persons
using unit had the value five, all		in housing unit
racteristics of that person or housing		

17

Stage II-Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

Householder

2 Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race								
	Persons of Spanish Origin								
	Male								
1	0 to 4 years of age								
2	5 to 14 years of age								
3	15 to 19 years of age								
4	20 to 24 years of age								
5	25 to 34 years of age								
6	35 to 44 years of age								
7	45 to 64 years of age								
8	65 years of age or older								
	Female								
	гешане								

Female

9-16 Same age categories as groups 1 to 8

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group Housing Units With a Family

Group	Housing Office With a Family						
	With Own Children Under 18						
1	2 persons in housing unit						
2	3 persons in housing unit						
3	4 persons in housing unit						
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit						
5	8 or more persons in housing						
	unit						
	Housing Units With a Family						
	Without Own Children Under 18						
6-10	2 persons in housing unit						

Without Own Children Under 18
2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit
12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
F	Renter
	White Race Persons of Spanish Origin
	Rent Categories
81	\$1 to \$59
82	\$60 to \$99
83	\$100 to \$149
84 85	\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249
86	\$250 to \$299
87	\$300 to \$399
88	\$400 to \$499
89	\$500+
90 91	Other Renter No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
147-168	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same rent—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer autoassigned the rent that was matically reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	2/ Size of publication area													
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20	16 21	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22	16 22
250 500	25 -	30 35	35 45	35 45	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50	35 50
1 000	-	-	55 -	65 80	65 95	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110	70 110
5 000	_	-	-	-	110	140 170	150 200	150 210	160 220	, 160 220	160 220	160 220	160 220	160 220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230 250	250 310	270 340	270 350	270 350	270 350	270 350	270 350
75 000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630 790	670 970	700 1 090	700 1 100	710
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u> .	-	1 120	1 500 2 000	1 540 2 120	1 570 2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000 -	3 540	4 470 5 480
														J 400

1/ For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 $\hat{\hat{Y}}$ = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of housing units in the area.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Est'imated	Base of percentage												
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	8.2	0.2

1/ For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

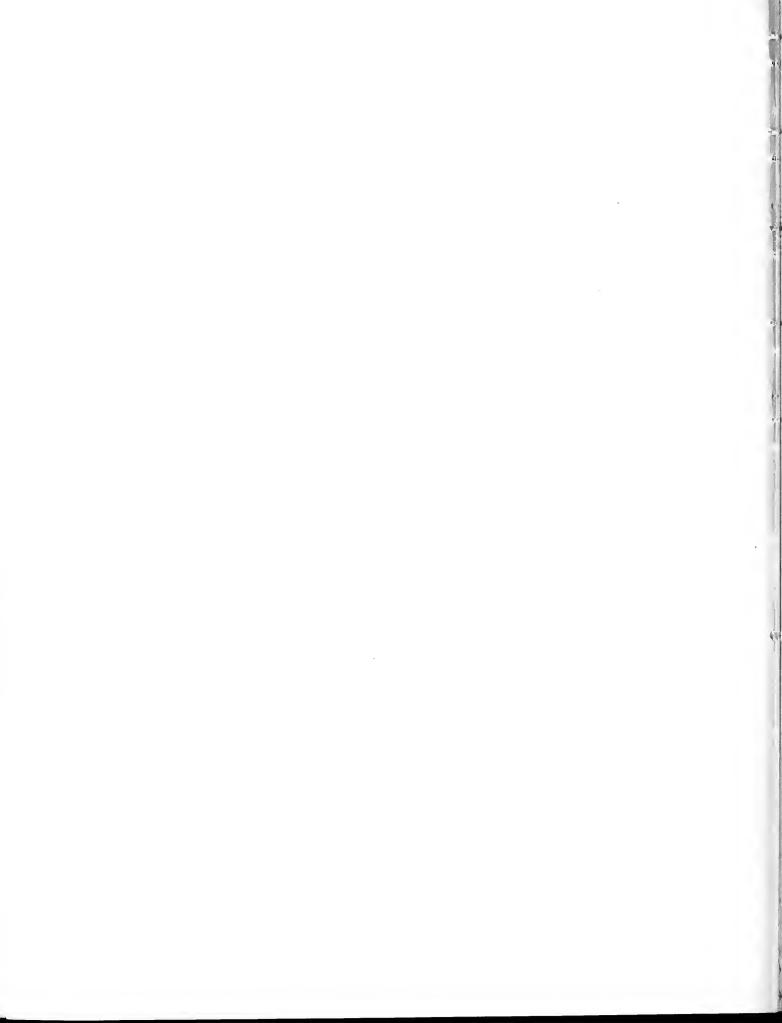
[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Occupancy and vacancy status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Tenure	1.1	1.0	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Stories in structure	0.9	0.8	0.5
Passenger elevator	0.9	0.8	0.4
Source of water	1.0	0.8	0.5
Sewage disposal	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into			
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.5
Kitchen facilities	1.1	0.9	0.5
Number of bedrooms or			i
bathrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			ŀ
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.9	0.5
Income	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Complete plumbing facilities			
for exclusive use with 1.01			
persons per room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing units				
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in sample			
The SMSA	52 050	20.0			
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's					
Altoona city	22 502	16.0			



Appendix E. — Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the ling quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other we	ek 2

If rent is paid;	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A *place* is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this *residence* is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark
A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses
or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20.** This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total emount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used elso by enother apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket (\(\)) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- **H26.** Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

- 12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.
 - If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.
- 13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.
 - Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.
 - b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
 - c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City — print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- 20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

- If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.
 - Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.
- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
 - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States

	ddress shown b write the correc				
DO	A1	A2	A4	A5	A6
:					

Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census ...

We must from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Form Approved O M B No 41-S78006 Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office. The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover.

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this: •

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly.

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here.

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form.

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below.

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- Lodgers or boarders living here
- Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere.
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working.

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

here on Tuesday, April 1, 1980, or who was staying or visiting here and had no other hom					
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
					
		*		_	

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue >

Here are the These are the columns		PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2		
OUESTIONS In the search the columns for ANSWERS		Last name	Last name		
↓	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initio		
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1? Fill one circle. If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife Son/daughter Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Partner, roommate Paid employee		
3. Sex Fill one circle.		O Male Female	O Male Female		
4. Is this person — Fill one circle.		 White Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print 	 White Black or Negro Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe 		
5. Age, and me	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday		
a. Print age at	last birthday.	1 • 8 0 0 0 0	1 • 8 0 0 0 0		
b. Print month	and fill one circle.	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0		
c. Print year in below each i	the spaces, and fill one circle number.	birth	Dirth		
6. Marital state	us	Now married	Now married		
Fill one circle	2.	Widowed	O Widowed O Never married Divorced		
7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent? Fill one circle.		O No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic		
attended re any time? kindergarten, el	lary 1. 1980, has this person gular school or college at Fili one circle. Count nursery school, lementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	 No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related 		
	highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever	Highest grade attended: O Nursery school	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Kindergarten		
If now attending school, mark grade person is in. If high school was finished by equivalency test (GED), mark "12."		College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school — Skip question 10	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school — Skip question 10		
10. Did this person finish the highest grade (or year) attended? Fill one circle.		 Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year) 	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)		
		CENSUS A. OI ON OO	CENSUS A. OI ON OO		

CENSUS USE ONLY

PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, please see note on page 20. FOR YOUR	HOUSEHOLD
nt name Middle initial relative of person in column 1:	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here	H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? O No O Yes, a condominium
O Husband/wife O Father/mother O Son/daughter O Other relative O Brother/sister	once in a while and has no other home? Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. No	H10. If this is a <u>one-family house</u> — a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres
not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other Partner, roommate	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or in a hospital? O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away.	b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office?
O Paid employee	O No	○ Yes ○ No H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium
O Male Female O White O Asian Indian O Black or Negro O Hawaiian O Champaign	Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker. No	unit which you own or are buying — What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot o condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sa
O Japanese O Guamanian O Chinese O Samoan O Filipino O Eskimo O Korean O Aleut O Vietnamese O Other — Specify Indian (Amer.)	H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address? One 2 apartments or living quarters 3 apartments or living quarters 4 apartments or living quarters	Do not answer this question if this is — • A mobile home or trailer • A house on 10 or more acres • A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property
Age at last birthday 1 0 8 0 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5 apartments or living quarters 6 apartments or living quarters 7 apartments or living quarters 8 apartments or living quarters 9 apartments or living quarters 10 or more apartments or living quarters	○ Less than \$10,000
birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0	This is a mobile home or trailer 15. Do you anter your living quarters — Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? Through someone else's living quarters?	\$25,000 to \$27,499 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$125,000 to \$124,9
O Apr.—June 7 0 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters,	\$40,000 to \$44,999 \$150,000 to \$199,9 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more #12. If you pay rent for your living quarters — What is the monthly rent?
O Now married O Separated O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	Yes, for this household only Yes, but also used by another household No, have some but not all plumbing facilities No plumbing facilities in living quarters	If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent. Less than \$50 \$160 to \$169
No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban	H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconles, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.	 \$50 to \$59 \$170 to \$179 \$60 to \$69 \$180 to \$189 \$70 to \$79 \$80 to \$89 \$200 to \$224
Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college	O 1 room	 \$90 to \$99 \$100 to \$109 \$110 to \$119 \$250 to \$274 \$275 to \$299
O Yes, private, church-related O Yes, private, not church-related	Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Rented for cash rent? Occupied without payment of cash rent?	\$120 to \$129 \$300 to \$349 \$130 to \$139 \$350 to \$399 \$140 to \$149 \$400 to \$499 \$150 to \$159 \$500 or more
ighest grade attended: O Nursery school O Kindergarten	FOR CENSUS USE	
ementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	A4. Block number A6. Serial number B. Type of unit or quarters For vacant un C1. Is this unit Year rows Season Seas	ound use ould use ould use ould use ould use ould use ould wind out of the state of
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more		C3, and D. ○ 2 by to 6 includes ○ ○ 1 year up to 2 years ○ ? ?
Now attending this grade (or year)	우수수 ■ 수수수 Usual nome O Rented	or sold, not occupied E. Indicators 6 9 5 5

9 4	ALSO ANSWER THESE	
H13. Which best describes this building?	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS
Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	H22a.
A mobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood	1
 A one-family house detached from any other house A one-family house attached to one or more houses 	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Other fuel	
A building for 2 families	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 2 2
A building for 3 or 4 families		3 3 3
O A building for 5 to 9 tamilies	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	9 9 9
 A building for 10 to 19 families 	Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	5 5 5
O A building for 20 to 49 tamilies	serving the neighborhood Wood	6 6 6
A building for 50 or more families	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Other fuel	7 7 7
O A boat, tent, van, etc.	O Electricity O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. O No fuel used	8 8 8
H14a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking? Gas: from underground pipes	H22b. ⊘ ⊘ ⊘
Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	I I
0 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 0 7 to 12	O Gas: bottled tank or LP O Wood	8 8 8
O 4 to 6 O 13 or more stories	O Electricity O Other fuel	3 3 3
	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 0
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	5 5 5
O Yes O No	a. Electricity	6 6 6
USEs. In this building	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	8 8 8
H15a. Is this building —	Average monthly cost © Electricity not used	9 9 9
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	b. Gas	1
 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres? 	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	H22c.
On a place of 10 of fillore acres:	Average monthly cost Gas not used	000
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	I I I
from this place amount to —	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	3 3 3
○ Less than \$50 (or None) ○ \$250 to \$599 ○ \$1,000 to \$2,499	Yearly cost	9 4 4
○ \$50 to \$249	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5 5
	O traduded in west or se obtained	6 6 6
H16. Do you get water from —	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge O These fuels not used	7 7 7
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?	Yearly cost	8 8 8
An individual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	9 9 9
O An individual dug well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	H22d.
Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	O Yes O No	0000
H17. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	1111
O Yes, connected to public sewer	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	5555
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool	○ No bedroom ○ 2 bedrooms ○ 4 bedrooms	3 3 3 3
O No, use other means	○` 1 bedroom ○ 3 bedrooms ○ 5 or more bedrooms	555
	1107	1 6 6 6 6
H18. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have? A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and	777
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	wash basin with piped water.	8888
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	9999
○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
○ 1370 to 1374	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
H19. When did the person listed in column 1 move into	O 1 complete bathroom	000
this house (or apartment)?	O 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	0000
O 1979 or 1980 O 1950 to 1959	O 2 or more complete bathrooms	2555
○ 1975 to 1978	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	3333
○ 1970 to 1974	Yes No	9999
→ 1300 (0 1303)	O 163 WO	5555
H20. How are your living quarters heated?	H27. Do you have air conditioning?	7 7 7 7
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	○ Yes, a central air-conditioning system	8888
Steam or hot water system	O Yes, 1 individual room unit	999
Central warm-air turnace with ducts to the individual rooms	O Yes, 2 or more individual room units	
(Do not count electric heat pumps here)	O No	0000
Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling.)	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	III
or baseboard)	of your household?	8 8 8
=	O None O 2 automobiles	3 3 3 3
O Floor well or six less foreses	○ 1 automobile ○ 3 or more automobiles	555
		1 2 2 2 :
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or yent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene.	1100 Maria and a second a second and a second a second and a second an	16666
O Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	
 Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable) 	home for use by members of your household?	777
O Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene		6666 7777 8888 9999

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YOUR HOUSEHOLD Please answer H30—H32 If you live in a one-family hous	ie					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		P
which you own or are buying, unless this is -								
A mobile home or trailer								
A house on 10 or more acres	If any of these, or if you	rent your unit or t	his is a					
A condominium unit				page 6.				
A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property								
What were the real estate taxes on this property last year	r?	Also incl	ude paym	ents on a co	ntract to pur	ly payment to chase and to len		
\$.00 OR O None		second o	r junior m		this property	∕. ○ No regular p	oavment requ	uired — <i>Skip te</i>
What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insuran	ce on this property?	d Dose ve	ur regul		, navment (amount enter	ad in H32c)	page
\$.00 OR O None					axes on <u>this</u>	amount entere property?	ou iii noze)	
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to pure debt on this property?	chase, or similar	1		ncluded in aid separa	payment tely or taxes i	not required		
Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt						amount enter) include
O Yes, contract to purchase							. - <i>,</i> -,	
O No — Skip to page 6		 Yes, insurance included in payment No, insurance paid separately or no insurance 						
Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this prope	erty?	ļ						
○ Yes ○ No		[
		Please turn to page 6			e <i>6</i>			
								→
	FOR CENSU	S USE ONLY						>
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	FOR CENSU	(1) s.s.	3 3 3 3	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5
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	FOR CENSU	S.S.	0 0 I I C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6	Yes 3 4 5 6	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	S.S. 1 Yes 3 0 5 6	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6
	FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O No	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 4.	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9	9 S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 6 2.	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
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	FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes O No O S.S. Yes	Ø Ø Ø I I I 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 I I 2 3 3 3	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 9 9 9 4 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 No 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 5 6 6	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	9 S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 1 1 2 3 4 5 6	Ø 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
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	FOR CENSU	(1) S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes S.S. Yes Yes Yes	© 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0011233445667889 4. 01123345667899 4. 01123345667899	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 ? ? ?	9 S.S. Yes 9 2. O 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 8 5 6 7 8 9 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 8 1 2 3 4 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8	Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 H32c. Ø Ø Ø I I I 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 8 7
	FOR CENSU	(1) 2 S.S. Yes ONO ONO ONO ONO ONO ONO ONO ONO ONO ON	© 123456789 © 123456789 © 123456	001123345567899 4. 01123345667899 4. 01123345667899	S.S. 123456 No 789 S.S. 123456 No 789 GQ. GQ. GQ. GQ. GQ. GQ. GQ. GQ. GO. GO. GO. GO. GO. GO. GO. GO. GO. GO. GO. GO. GO. GO. GO. GO.	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 4. 4. 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	9	Ø 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9

16 When was this person horn?	ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FO			
	22a. Did this person work at any time <u>last week?</u> O Yes — Fill this circle if this O No — Fill this circle			
Please go on with questions 17-33	person worked full if this person			
	time or part time. did not work,			
	(Count part-time work or did only own such as delivering papers, housework,			
a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?	or helping without pay in school work,			
O Yes O No	a family business or farm, or volunteer Also count active duty work,			
b. Attending college? O Yes O No	in the Armed Forces.) Skip to 25			
c Working at a job or business?	b. How many hours did this person work last week			
O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time	(at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.			
18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military	Hours			
	23. At what location did this person work last week?			
see instruction guide.	If this person worked at more than one location, print			
O Yes O No — Skip to 19	where he or she worked most last week.			
b. Was active-duty military service during —	If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.			
This deficie for each period in which this person served.	a. Address (Number and street)			
	,			
O February 1955—July 1964				
O World War II (September 1940Luly 1947)	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.			
 World War I (April 1917–November 1918) 	b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.			
O Any other time				
19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other				
	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal)			
a. <u>Limits</u> the kind or amount <u>Yes No</u>	limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?			
of work this person can do at a job? O	O Yes O No, in unincorporated area			
b. Prevents this person from working at a job?	d County			
c. Limits or prevents this person	d. County			
00.444	- 4700			
How many babies has she ever 0 00000	e. State f. ZIP Code			
	24a. <u>Last week</u> , how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?			
- mare	to get from home to work (one way):			
	Minutes			
	b. How did this person usually get to work last week?			
Once O More than once	If this person used more than one method, give the one			
	usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab			
of marriage? of first marriage?	O Truck Motorcycle			
	O Van O Bicycle			
(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)	O Van O Bicycle O Bus or streetcar O Walked only O Railroad O Worked at home			
c. If married more than once - Did the first marriage	O Bus or streetcar O Walked only			
c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes O No	O Bus or streetcar O Walked only Railroad O Worked at home Subway or elevated O Other — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.			
c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes O No FOR CENSU	Bus or streetcar			
c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes O No Per. 11. 13b. 14.	Bus or streetcar			
c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes O No Per. 11. 13b. 14. 14. 15b. No. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	○ Bus or streetcar ○ Walked only ○ Railroad ○ Worked at home ○ Subway or elevated ○ Öther — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. S USE ONLY 15b. 23. ○ VL 24a. ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○			
c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes O No Per. 11. 13b. 14. 15b. No. 000 000 000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	○ Bus or streetcar ○ Walked only ○ Railroad ○ Worked at home ○ Subway or elevated ○ Öther — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. S USE ONLY 15b. 23. ○ VL 24a. □ I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I			
C. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? ○ Yes ○ No FOR CENSU Per. 11. ■ 13b.	○ Bus or streetcar ○ Walked only ○ Railroad ○ Worked at home ○ Subway or elevated ○ Öther — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. S USE ONLY 15b. 23. ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I			
c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes O No Per. 11. 13b. 14. 15b. No. 000 000 000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	○ Bus or streetcar ○ Walked only ○ Railroad ○ Worked at home ○ Subway or elevated ○ Öther — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. S USE ONLY 15b. 23. ○ VL 24a. □ I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I			
C. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? ○ Yes ○ No Per. 11. ■ 13b.	○ Bus or streetcar ○ Walked only ○ Railroad ○ Worked at home ○ Subway or elevated ○ Öther - Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. S USE ONLY 15b. 23. ○ VL 24a. ○ VL 24a. ○ O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O			
C. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? ○ Yes ○ No Per. 11. ■ 13b.	○ Bus or streetcar ○ Walked only ○ Railroad ○ Worked at home ○ Subway or elevated ○ Öther — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28. S USE ONLY 15b. 23. ○ VL 24a. ○ VL 24a. ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I			
•	Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person 17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? Yes No b. Attending college? Yes, No c. Working at a job or business? Yes, full time No Yes, part time 18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States? If service was In National Guard or Reserves only, see Instruction guide. Yes No — Skip to 19 b. Was active-duty military service during — Fill a circle for each period in which this person served. May 1975 or later Vietnam era (August 1964—April 1975) February 1955—July 1964 Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) World War II (September 1940—July 1947) World War II (September 1940—July 1947) World War II (April 1917—November 1918) Any other time 19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job? O b. Prevents this person from working at a job? O c. Limits or prevents this person from working at a job? O c. Limits or prevents this person from working at a job? O c. Limits or prevents this person from working at a job? O c. Limits person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever O O O O hot count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more income or children she has adopted. O O O 21. If this person has ever been married — a. Has this person been married more than once? Once O More than once Donce O More than once			

c. When going to work last week, did this person usually -	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few	CENCILC	ICE ONLY
O Drive alone — Sklp to 28 O Drive others only	USE	days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	CENSUS L	JOE UNLY
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	21b.	<u>_</u>	31b. 31c.	31d.
O there arriving O made as passenger only	.00	O Yes O No — Skip to 31d	00 00	00
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	1 1 1		1 1 1 1	
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 2 2	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?	8 8 8 8	
0 2 - 0 4 0 6 -	1133	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.	3 3 3 3	•
0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	04-4-	Weeke	99199	•
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	4.4	Weeks	55 55	
5. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	7 ''' c c	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did	1 6 6 6	
	0 7 7	this person usually work each week?	1 7 7	
or business <u>last week?</u>	IV S S	this person usually work each week!	h las	
O Yes, on layoff	099	Hours	1) 99	I
 Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc. 				
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many week	s 32a.	32b.
Sa. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	3 00	was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?	0000	0000
	II	Weeks ◆	1111	IIII
	8.8	Weeks	8888	2 2 2 2
1 O 11 this course have belon a lab heat world?	3 3	22 1	3333	3333
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	9- 9-	32. Income in 1979 —	9 9 9 9	4444
O No, already has a job	5.5	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.	5555	5555
O No, temporarily ill	66	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.	6666	! 6666
O No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	7 1	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income	7 7 7 7	17777
O Yes, could have taken a job	8.8	received jointly by household members, see instruction guide.	8888	8888
	90	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the	99991	; • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
7. When did this person last work, even for a few days?		following sources?	AO	0 40
O 1980 O 1978 O 1970 to 1974 Skip to	28.			
O 1979 O 1975 to 1977 O 1969 or earlier	ABC	If "Yes" to any of the sources below - How much did this	32c.	32d.
O Never worked	1	person receive for the entire year?	0000	0000
	000	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	IIIII	IIIII
3-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds	1 2222	1 8 8 8 8
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	000	dues, or other items.	3333	13333
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	1	○ Yes → \$.00	4999	9-9-9-9-
this person worked the most hours.	GHI	O No	5 7 5 5	5555
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for	000	(Annuai amount – Dollars)	6666	6666
last job or business since 1975.	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional	7777	7777
B. Industry	200	practice Report net income after business expenses.	8888	នៃខាន់ទ
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	900	0 V	9999	1 0 0 0 0
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.		○ Yes → \$.00		i
Armed Forces, print Ar and skip to question 31.	000	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	O A O	OAO
	III	c. Own farm	32e.	32f.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	252	Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as		!
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	3 3	a tenant farmer or sharecrapper.	0000	0000
Describe the activity at location where employed.	9-4		1 I 1	III
Describe the activity at location where employed.	55	○ Yes → \$.00	8 8 8	5 8 8
	1, 6	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	3 3 3	3 3 3
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mall order house,	1.7	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	0.9-9-	440
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	14 19	Report even small amounts credited to an account.	555	5 5 5
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)		Keport even small amounts created to an account.		:
	99		666	666
_		○ Yes → \$.00	666	666
○ Manufacturing ○ Retail trade	AF O	○ Yes → \$.00	666 777 888	666 777 888
_	AF O	○ Yes → \$.00 ○ No (Annual amount - Dollars)	666	666 777 888
 ○ Manufacturing ○ Retail trade ○ Other — (ogriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) 	AF O NW O	○ Yes → \$.00 ○ No (Annual amount - Dollars) e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement	666 777 888 999	666 777 888 999
 ○ Manufacturing ○ Retail trade ○ Other — (ogriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) 	AF O NW O	O Yes → \$.00 O No (Annual amount - Dollars) e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes → \$.00	666 777 888 999	G G G 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9
 ○ Manufacturing ○ Retail trade ○ Other — (ogriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) ○ Occupation 	AF O NW O	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes - \$.00 (Annual amount - Dollars) e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement	666 777 ∺8∺ 999	G G G 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9
 ○ Manufacturing ○ Retail trade ○ Wholesale trade ○ Other — (ogriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) 3. Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing? 	AF O NW O	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes - \$.00 (Annual amount - Dollars) No (Annual amount - Dollars)	32g.	33. Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I
 ○ Manufacturing ○ Wholesale trade ○ Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) 9. Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing? 	AF O NW O	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes Social Security of Railroad Retirement (Annual amount – Dollars) f. Supplemental Security (SSI). Aid to Families with	666 777 888 999 32g. 0000 1111 888	33. Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I 8 6 6 8 8
 ○ Manufacturing ○ Wholesale trade ○ Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) ○ Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	AF O NW O	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes Social Security O Yes Social Security (SSI). Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	666 777 888 999 32g. 0000 1111 6882 3333	33. 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3
 ○ Manufacturing ○ Retail trade ○ Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) ○ Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing? 	AF O NW O	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes Social Security of Railroad Retirement (Annual amount – Dollars) f. Supplemental Security (SSI). Aid to Families with	666 777 888 999 32g. 0000 IIII 888 3333 4444	G G G G 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
 ○ Manufacturing ○ Wholesale trade ○ Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) ○ Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	AF O NW O	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes Social Security O Yes Social Security (SSI). Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	666 777 888 999 32g. 0000 1111 6882 3333	G G G G 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Manufacturing On Retail trade Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator) b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	AF O NW O	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes - \$.00 (Annual amount - Dollars) e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes - \$.00 (Annual amount - Dollars) f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments O Yes - \$.00	32g. 0000 1111 222 3333 444 5555 6666	G G G 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
 ○ Manufacturing ○ Retail trade ○ Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) ○ Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator) 	29. NP Q O O O R S T O O O U V W	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes - \$.00 (Annual amount - Dollars) e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement O Yes - \$.00 (Annual amount - Dollars) f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments O Yes - \$.00 (Annual amount - Dollars)	666 777 888 999 32g. 0000 1111 8888 3333 444 555 6666 7777	G G G 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
 ○ Manufacturing ○ Retail trade ○ Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) ○ Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator) b. What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	AF ONW O	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement • Social Security or Railroad Retirement • Yes - \$.00 (Annual amount - Dollars) f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments • Yes - \$.00 • No (Annual amount - Dollars) g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments,	666 777 888 999 32g. 0000 1111 888 3333 444 5555 666 7777 888	G G G 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8
Manufacturing Onther — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.) Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator) b. What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) O. Was this person — (Fill one circle)	29. NP Q O O O R S T O O O U V W	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement Yes \$.00 No (Annual amount - Dollars) e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement Yes \$.00 (Annual amount - Dollars) f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments Yes \$.00 No (Annual amount - Dollars) g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources	666 777 888 999 32g. 0000 1111 8888 3333 444 555 6666 7777	G G G 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
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Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

SENERALF-1	PUBLICATION
UBLICATIONS F-1	HC80-5, \
Population and Housing Census	tial Fina
Reports F-1	HC80-S1-
PHC80-1, Block Statistics F-1	Reports
PHC80-2, Census Tracts F-2	Evaluation a
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	Reports
teristics for Governmental	PHC80-E
Units and Standard Metro-	Research
politan Statistical Areas F-2	PHC80-R
PHC80-4, Congressional	PHC80
Districts of the 98th	PHC80
Congress F-2	PHC80
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	Index
Estimates of Social, Eco-	Occu
nomic, and Housing	PHC80
Characteristics F-2	Inde
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	Occu
mates of Social, Economic,	PHC80
and Housing Characteristics . F-2	Ident
Population Census Reports F-2	Schei
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	COMPUTER TA
teristics of the Population F-2	
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	Summary Ta
ber of Inhabitants F-2	STF 1
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	STF 2 STF 3
Population Characteristics F-2	STF 4
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	STF 5
Social and Economic	
Characteristics F-3	Other Comp
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	P.L. 94-1
Detailed Population	Counts.
Characteristics F-3	Master Ar 1 and 2
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	Geograph
Reports F-3	Indepen
PC80-S1, Supplementary	(GBF/D
Reports F-3	Public-Us
Housing Census Reports F-3	Samples
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Census/E
teristics of Housing Units F-3	MAPS
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	=
General Housing	MICROFICHE
Characteristics F-3	STF 1 Micro
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	STF 3 Micro
Detailed Housing	P.L. 94-171
Characteristics F-3	
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-	
politan Housing	GENERAL
Characteristics F-3 HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	SEITEITAL
Reports F-3	The results of
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	lation and Ho
nents of Inventory Change F_3	forms: printed
monta or inventory orlange F-3	p

Volume 5, Residennce F-4 1, Supplementary F-4 nd Reference F-4 Evaluation and h Reports. F-4 , Reference Reports. F-4 D-R1, Users' Guide. . F-4 D-R2, History F-4 O-R3, Alphabetical x of Industries and pations... F-4 0-R4, Classified x of Industries and pations F-4 0-R5, Geographic tification Code me F-4 APES F-4 ape Files F-4 F-4 F–4 F-4 F–5 F-5 uter Tape Files.... F-5 71, Population ... F-5 ea Reference Files (MARF) F-5 ic Base File/Dual dent Map Encoding IME). F–5 e Microdata F–5 EO Special File.... F-5 F-5 F-5 fiche F-5 fiche F-5 Counts Microfiche. . F-5

S-Con.

The results of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing are issued in three forms: printed reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English. labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veteran status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units—This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and crossclassification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports--These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

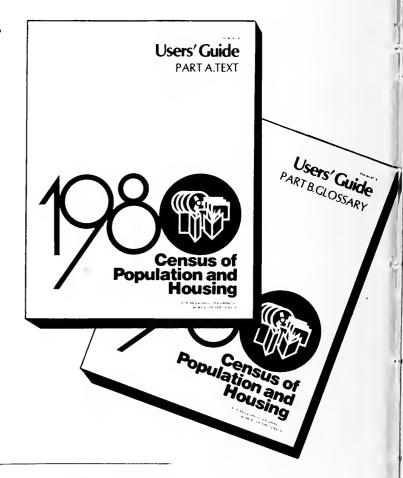
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text-Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)-\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)-\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

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